

Date: May 23, 2019

Public

To, Listing Department **National Stock Exchange of India Limited** Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1 G Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (E) Mumbai – 400 051

Symbol: BSE

ISIN: INE118H01025

Ref: Regulation 30 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Sub: Transcript of the Conference Call held on May 7, 2019

Dear Sir/ Madam,

With reference to our letter dated April 30, 2019, intimating you about the conference call with Analyst/Investor held on May 7, 2019.

Please find attached the transcript of the aforesaid conference call.

This is for your information & record.

For BSE Limited

Nayan Mehta Chief Financial Officer

Encl: a/a



BSE Limited (Formerly Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.) Registered Office : Floor 25, P J Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400 001 India T: +91 22 2272 1234/33 E: corp.comm@bseindia.com |www.bseindia.com Corporate Identity Number : L67120MH2005PLC155188



May 7, 2019 BSE LIMITED 25th Floor, P.J Tower, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai 400 001

Yogesh Joshi

Hello, everyone and welcome to BSE's earnings call to discuss Q4 FY 2019 results. This is Yogesh, Head-Investor Relations. Joining us today on this call is BSE's leadership team consisting of Shri Nayan Mehta and Shri Ashishkumar Chauhan, who will be joining in sometime. Do note that the conference is being recorded and the transcript of the same will be available on our website. The financial results and investor presentations are also available on our website.

I will now request Shri Nayan Mehta to give a brief overview of the company's performance followed by a question-and-answer session. Please note that BSE does not provide specific revenue or earnings guidance. Anything said on this call will reflect BSE's outlook for the future or which could be construed as a forward-looking statement must be reviewed in conjunction with the risks that the company faces.

With that, I would like to turn the call over to Mr. Nayan Mehta.

Nayan Mehta

Thank you, Yogesh. Good morning, good afternoon and good evening to all of you wherever you are.

We are happy to share with you that the board of BSE has recommended a payment of dividend of Rs.25 per equity share of face value of Rs. 2 each. The proposal is subject to approval of shareholders at the ensuing 14th Annual General Meeting scheduled to be held on July 15, 2019. After taking into account the interim dividend of Rs.5 per equity share paid in the month of December 2018, the total dividend for the financial year stands at Rs. 30 per equity share of face value of Rs. 2 each. The dividend pay-out ratio is 97%. The record date for determining eligibility for the final dividend is June 28, 2019 and the payment will be made on or before August 13, 2019.

1

by expanding a services portfolio.

Earlier BSE was dependent only on one trading segment, i.e. equity. Then after research, we set up trading platform in various other trading segments like SME, currency derivative, interest rate derivatives, commodity derivatives and startup. It has also created electronic distribution platform for distribution of financial products like mutual funds, bonds, equity related book building. Taking advantage of the opportunity to grow at a global scale BSE has also setup a stock exchange and clearing corporation at Gift City, Gandhinagar. Further it has tied up with Power Trading Corporation and ICICI Bank to set up a power trading exchange. BSE has tied up with EBIX Inc., a leading international supplier of On-Demand software and E-commerce services to insurance and other industries to setup an insurance broking joint venture. Financial services and electronic platform tend to grow at non-linear scale over time. However, some of such initiatives take time to mature. In this context, let me start with updating you on the mutual fund segment.

BSE has started the mutual fund segment in the year 2009. This segment enables mutual fund intermediaries to process, purchase and submit redemption request of mutual fund units from the clients across India on a fully automated electronic platform. While the intermediaries earn their fees / commissions for their services, the mutual funds pay BSE for processing of transactions. Over last five years, this segment has exponentially grown at a CAGR of 117%. BSE started charging to mutual funds for its services since financial year 2017-18. The income in this segment has grown by 194 percentage from Rs. 9.90 crores in financial year 2017-18 to Rs. 29.10 crores in financial year 2018-19.

The number of registered mutual fund distributors in mutual segment increased by 195% to 23,760 as of April 30, 2019 as compared to 8,046 as of April 30, 2018. This exclusive network is over and above BSE's 1,400 member backed by more than two lakh authorized representatives and other intermediaries covering length and breadth of our country. The total number of SIPs registered under this segment increased by 9% to 4.81 lakh for the year ended March 31, 2019 from 4.40 lakh for the year ended March 31, 2018. The

2

Further the total number of orders received in the month of March 2019 is higher by 57% as compared to orders received in the month of March 2018.

BSE's market share in this segment for the year ended March 31, 2019 stands at 79%.

BSE StAR MF, India's largest mutual distributor platform recorded a new high of 7.2 lakh transactions on March 11, 2019. BSE StAR MF surpassed the earlier highest of 6.4 lakh transaction in a single day, which was registered on December 10, 2018. So the new high is 7.2 lakh transaction.

The continuous growth in the mutual fund segment is in line with our expectations. BSE continues to pursue the strategy of appointment of distributors and optimal pricing for its services in this segment to maintain the rapid growth in business and revenues as witnessed for the last few years.

I'll now move on to commodity derivative segment. As you must be aware BSE has successfully launched commodity derivative segment with the launch of gold and silver futures on October 1, 2018. Thereafter, BSE has launched contracts in Oman Crude Oil futures on October 26, 2018, Copper contracts on November 2, 2018, Guarseed and Guargum on February 6, 2019 and finally Cotton futures on February 18, 2019.

Commodity derivative trading platform with futures trading in gold and silver contracts hit a fresh all-time peak with traded value logging Rs. 621 crores in October 2018.

Guarseed also witnessed it's highest market share of 43% and the highest turnover in the first 15 days of its launch. The turnover in commodities derivative segment has been steadily improving and till date we have registered a turnover of 32,084 crores in this segment.

3

BSE has registered 230 trading members and 31 clearing members in the commodity segment as on March 31, 2019. Many more members are in various stages of admission process to membership.

I now move on to currency derivative segment. BSE's average daily turnover in currency derivative segment has increased by 65% to Rs. 30,271 crores for the year-ended March 31, 2019 from Rs. 18,291 crores for the year ended March 31, 2018. The total contracts too have grown by 52% to 105.25 crore contracts as on March 31, 2019 from 69.02 crore contracts as on March 31, 2018. The growth has been aided by increase in turnover in both currency future contracts as well as currency options contract. The Average Daily Turnover in currency futures segment has increased by 61% to Rs. 13,195 crores for the year ended March 31, 2019 from Rs. 8,196 crores for the year ended March 31, 2018. The Average Daily Turnover in currency options segment has increased by 69% to Rs. 17,075 crores for the year ended March 31, 2018. BSE's market share in this segment for the year ended March 31, 2019 stands at 46%.

With respect to listing of securities, the number of companies listed with their equity capital on our exchange which are available for trade are 4070 as of May 3, 2019. BSE has the highest number of companies listed on any exchange around the globe. Market capitalization of companies listed on BSE is above Rs. 152 lakh crores. The total number of investors registered on BSE at unique level, exceed Rs. 2.65 crores.

BSE has been undertaking calibrated increases in listing fees over last few years to meet the same comparable to the charges levied by competing exchange as well as to cover increasing costs of compliance. With effect from April 1, 2019 BSE has increased its annual listing fees charged to exclusively listed companies by Rs. 50,000 if their listed capital is up to Rs. 100 crores and by Rs. 25,000 in case their listed capital is between Rs. 100 crores to Rs. 200 crores.

4

platform as on date, as compared to 291 companies listed as on March 31, 2019 and 235 companies listed as on March 31, 2018. Of the total number of companies listed in BSE SME platform, 60 companies have migrated to BSE main board as of March 31, 2019. 56 companies were listed on this platform during the year ended March 31, 2019. 125 market makers are registered with BSE SME platform for providing liquidity. The total amount of money raised through this platform is Rs. 2,986 crores as of March 31, 2019. SME IPO Index launched on December 14, 2012 with a base value of a 100 stood at 1,857 as of March 31, 2019 registering a stupendous gain 1758%.

BSE's market share in listing of companies in SME segment stood strong at 60% as of March 31, 2019.

India International Exchange ("India INX") is a wholly owned subsidiary of BSE and continues to expand its footprints through various listings, credit offerings and growth of turnover.

Average Daily Turnover in India INX, that is the India International Exchange, witnessed a phenomenal growth of 615% to USD 766 million for the year ended March 31, 2019 from USD 107 million for the year ended March 31, 2018. The turnover comprises of significant contribution by Equity Derivative segment as well as Commodity Derivative segment. The Equity Derivative segment contributed to 73% of the average daily turnover and the Commodity Derivative segment contributed to 27% of the average daily turnover for the year ended March 31, 2019.

You may notice that India INX's market share in the Derivative segment for the year ended March 31, 2019 is 71%.

As of March 31, 2019, India INX's Global Securities Market has cumulatively established medium term notes also known as MTN amounting to USD 42.5 billion and listed debt securities including masala bonds and green bonds amounting to above – USD 14.7

5

On April 3, 2019, India has signed a memorandum of understanding with the Moscow Exchange with the aim of connecting investors' community and companies in both countries and allowing the capital information platform on larger scale. BSE and India INX are the first Indian exchanges to enter into the MOU with the Moscow Exchange.

BSE along with Power Trading Corporation of India Limited and ICICI Bank Limited, have filed a petition with a power market regulator, Central Electricity Regulatory Commission in September 2018 for a grant of license for setting up of a new power exchange. The said petition has been admitted and the shareholder agreement has been signed between the said shareholders in the previous month. This proposed institutional exchange subject to necessary regulatory approvals would leverage on the experience and expertise of the other shareholders and stakeholders in their field, their knowledge of the power sector, funding of the power project, associated infrastructure and setting up and running various exchanges and platforms in India and also after the market participants, a credible power trading platform.

BSE has set up a joint venture with EBIX Incorporated, named BSE EBIX Insurance Broking Private Limited for conducting insurance broking business, where BSE holds equity stake of 40% through its subsidiary, BSE Investments Limited. The regulatory approval from Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority, IRDA for the same is awaited.

Interoperability among Clearing Corporations necessitates linking of multiple clearing corporations. It allows market participants to consolidate their clearing and settlement functions at a single counterparty, irrespective of the stock exchange on which the trade is executed. It is expected that the interoperability of clearing corporations would lead to efficient allocation of capital for the market participants, thereby saving on costs as well as provide better execution of trades.

SEBI vide circular in November 2018, approved suitable amendments to the Securities Contracts Regulation, Stock Exchanges and Clearing Corporation Regulations, we also call

6

Now I'll move on to the consolidated financial. On a consolidated basis, the total revenue for the quarter ending March 31, 2019 is higher by 3% to Rs. 182 crores as compared to the previous quarter. The net profit for Q4 FY2019 is higher by 4% to Rs. 52 crores as compared to Rs. 50 crores for Q3 FY2019.

The increase in revenue and profit during the quarter ended March 31, 2019 is mainly attributable to increase in income from operations by 11% to Rs. 116 crores. Over time, the operational revenue to total revenue has been increasing and it stands at 64% for the quarter ended March 31, 2019.

The operating EBITDA for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 has increased by Rs. 6.93 crores to positive Rs. 2.38 crores as against negative of Rs. 4.55 crores in the previous quarter. The net profit margin is constant at 28% in the current quarter ending March 31, 2019 as well as the previous quarter.

On a standalone basis, the total revenue for Q4 FY2019 is higher by 1% to Rs. 158 crores as compared to Q3 FY2019. The increase in revenue during the quarter ended March 31, 2019 is mainly attributable to increase in income from operations by 12% to Rs. 98 crores. Over time, the operational revenue to total revenue has been increasing and it stands at 62% by the quarter ended March 31, 2019.

The operating EBITDA for the quarter ended March 31, 2019 has increased by Rs. 5.61 crore to Rs. 7.73 crore as against Rs. 2.12 crore in the previous quarter.

As on April 30, 2019, the total balance lying in settlement guarantee fund maintained by our clearing corporation is Rs. 394 crores. During the quarter, we have made the provision of Rs. 2.5 crore towards the impairment of investment in IL&FS and another Rs. 1.54 crore in another strategic investment, BSE Sammaan CSR.

7

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Yes, please.

Operator

[Operator Instructions] First question comes from Sandesh Gadawale. Sandesh, your line is unmuted. You may speak.

Sandesh Gadawale

Hello. Am I audible?

Nayan Mehta

Yeah, please.

Sandesh Gadawale

Yeah. Thank you, sir. Thanks for the opportunity. I'll just have one question. Where admin and other expenses have increased, so whether IL&FS exposure included in that or not...

Nayan Mehta

Yeah. So for the purpose of reporting we need to show it as a part of our admin and other expenses. It forms a part of the admin and other expenses. though actually it is not an operating expense, but then IND AS doesn't provide for reporting otherwise.

Sandesh Gadawale

8

Nayan Mehta

Can you please repeat?

Sandesh Gadawale

Interest, interest.

Nayan Mehta

Interest. Interest, we have not received. At in any case, we are not even accruing that income now.

Sandesh Gadawale

Okay, okay. Thank you, sir.

Operator

Thank you, Mr. Sandesh. Next question comes from Nalin Shah. Mr. Nalin, your line is unmuted. You may speak.

Nalin Shah

Yeah. At the outset Nayanbhai and Ashish Chauhanji, many, many congratulations for a very, very outstanding performance. I have a couple of questions to ask you. One is that this buyback amount you have enhanced. Last time I think you have done a buyback for some Rs. 166 crores if I remember correctly.

9

are developing. And BSE is I think almost posing as number one exchange in many respects. So when do you feel that will come out of this grew of about Rs. 200 crores to Rs. 250 crores kind of profitability, and I mean like breakout from this level, that is second question.

My third question is that you mentioned somewhere that now we have some 2.65 crore customers if I remember correctly, we're servicing the exchange. So is there a possibility that the BSE can take its own license of a payment bank or small finance bank or something do this, because we have enough in-house crowd available, which can be a very, very good business proposition. Just if you can give some idea on that.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Okay. So good evening, good morning, and good afternoon, wherever you are. My name is Ashish Chauhan. I'm the CEO of BSE. Yeah, basically buyback is slightly different when we came with IPO also we didn't need money, we had a huge cash surplus on the balance sheet. So we did OFS and we have been having investors writing to us saying that, you need to return the capital. And that's why we did the buyback last year of Rs. 166 crores. Why we did Rs. 166 crore not more is because we had to do it quick and without the AGM approval it allowed only 10%, that's why, we went on the unencumbered cash, reserves of 10%, that was Rs. 166 crores. This year, the Board has decided to provide for 25% of the close to that unencumbered cash reserves which is just become close to Rs. 1800 crore now.

That's why we are going to basically have almost Rs. 460 crores, almost 13% plus of the devaluation that will happen. So 87% shares will remain after we extinguish the bought back shares. So, 15th July is the date on which the AGM would be, after that we will, basically, do the process, if AGM approves that. Why we did this, because even after that we will still have like Rs. 1,300 crore plus as unencumbered cash reserves which will remain in the balance sheet and we are not doing any large investments, which are basically of requiring huge cash. So, all our investments or our activities are basically not

10

successes like, mutual funds or India International Exchange or commodities or bond distribution or SMEs or EIPOs. So, some of them, if they grow up well, then probably will come out of the framework, but currently our focus is more on making ourselves more broad based getting more and more of market share.

And then as and when the market power permits, we will start charging, because in many cases NSE is subsidizing for not charging at all. And one way for us is to go to Competition Commission win cases, but it takes 25 years, like you have seen in case of MSCI, which went to Competition Commission against NSE they won, then they went to the Appellate Tribunal – Supreme Court. So one way to go is to fight and not be successful, despite you think you win. Other way is to continue to fight, continue to generate market power and then start charging when you can, like what we have done in mutual funds, where NSE is not charging. We're charging and we have been able to generate Rs. 29 crores to Rs. 30 crores of revenue last year.

We are growing 100% year-on-year. So for us, idea is to generate more and more newer businesses, which can create more revenues going forward at pretty much the lowest cost leveraging on our current technology expertise and also operational expertise. That's what our focus will be going forward, in terms of the number of investors, we have unique customer code almost 4.13 crore customers, which is pretty much the double the next exchange in the country. If we take unique customer, they would be in the range you said 2.65 crore.

And we have thought through this, about payments and other things. In fact, the parties which are having 30 crore, 40 crore customers like, the telecom companies, which also have customers which are talking to them, talking through them every moment, are not being able to be successful in payment bank and things like that. We think basically there is a better way to utilize our framework using distribution of financial products to begin with and that's where mutual fund has been successful. Now we have applied to IRDA, with EBIX, to allow us to do insurance distribution, and if we are successful, we will also go into many more other areas because our operational sort of expertise and our

11

Excellent. Congratulations once again for the rewarding the investor in excellent manner. Thank you.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Thank you sir.

Operator

Thank you Mr. Nalin. The next question comes from Mr. Shriram Shrinivasan. Mr. Shriram your line is unmuted. You may go ahead.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Very congratulations to your number, sir first of all. I'd just like to get some clarifications, actually we are having a tie up with EBIX in terms of insurance broking, right?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Yes, please.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Yes, they're having tie up with EBIX, may I know that what will be the contribution that we can except once the business has been commenced, in terms of our revenue. Because we are losing our lot of market share in equity segment nearly from 92 – we have been doing from 8% to now we are doing in 5%. As well as in terms of commodities market also we are leading with 75% apart from the transaction charges we are looking forward of other things where we can get an ideology to boost up our revenue, right?

12

Correct. So insurance distribution, we are going to be minority shareholder 40%. So it won't be adding into our top line it may add to our bottom line or in value which we may be able to create. But currently we do not have approvals to get into that, as in when the approval comes, we have already prepared a technology along with EBIX and hopefully we'll be able to start quickly using our brokers network as the distribution framework. We have recently started charging on mutual funds and that has given us around Rs. 28 crores, Rs. 29 crores of revenues last year. And that is a significant increase in revenues because otherwise we are basically charging zero till now and that is in some ways people don't count. In terms of the listing fees we have been receiving reasonable listing fees and this year also we will continue to receive the listing fees.

In IPOs we do very well, in equity and equity derivatives, we have not done well, but currency derivatives now we have been very dominant today – as of today on May 7th, we had 65% market share in currency derivatives. Commodity derivatives we started around six, eight months back and we are doing very well agricultural commodities and some days in gold also, currently we are not charging. So as and when we become large we will start charging. Till that time, will have to provide the subsidized services there. So overall, whenever we become market leaders and we have a substantial market power we will continue to charge, where we do not have market powers we won't be able to charge because NSE uses their revenues coming out of the equity and equity derivatives trading volumes to subsidize other markets where they don't charge and so we are forced not to charge.

In Gift City, they have been paying for order flow. They got approvals from SEBI to pay for order flow and we had to actually provide for the similar stuff. But despite NSE paying more, we are still 80% of the market, 75% to 80% of market in Gift City. As and when Gift City, becomes large and profitable, we'll again be able to charge some transaction charges and become large there. So overall, we have got many businesses which are green shoots. Some businesses like mutual funds, we are now seeing some good upside on the revenues. But overall, in equity and equity derivatives we have not been able to do well. Listings,

13

I know the reason behind that, it maybe respective of market conditions?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Yes, please.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Hello?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Yes, please. You're correct.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Yes, in respective of market conditions, okay. Sir, as well as in the past year, the trends have been showing that – after the election years, it has been boosting up, whether we can expect some kind of 10% to 15% of boost in the average daily turnover?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

I hope it happens, if we have what I call a stable government, probably you might see more IPOs and more IPOs will mean more revenues for BSE.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Yes. Okay. So I asked that, just meant get the string of that, what is the percentage of contribution that the equity F&O has been giving to the total daily turnover value.

14

Yes.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Okay, sir. Fine, thanks a lot, sir.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Thank you

Operator

Thank you, Mr. Shriram. Next question comes from Ms. Drishti Shah. Your line is unmuted. You may go ahead.

Drishti Shah

Good evening, sir. Sir, my question is related to the equity segment. So if you see that our market share has been declining in that segment and that segment itself contributes 30%, 35% to the total revenue from operations. So if we expect this market share to decline further how do we view our revenue from operation going forward, at least for the next year or a couple of years? Because I don't think that the other segments would buck up for the decrease in the revenue – cash segment. So what are your views on that? And my second question is that if other segments are so lucrative for us and we've been gaining market share at later stage in our life, do we expect a high competitive pressures from NSE even in those segments?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

See, high competitive pressure is there in all segments. Where we are winning is despite high competitive pressures and huge amount of money spent by competition, right, so

15

If so but the transaction...

Ashishkumar Chauhan

The other expectation, you have is that we will not able to increase our revenues from other sources, just for your information, last year around Rs. 29 crores, Rs. 30 crores came out of the mutual fund segment, which was not there, neither it is in your model. So once you put it in the model, you realize that slowly, if you're growing 100% year-on-year in that business, what kind of revenues would come out of that, right? So many times, we create models and we think the models have to be correct and reality has to somehow fit into that, sometimes models have to be changed to fit to the realities.

Drishti Shah

Thank you.

Operator

Thank you, Ms. Drishti. The next question comes from Mr. Amit Chandra. Your line is unmuted. You may go ahead.

Amit Chandra

Yes. So thanks for the opportunity. So my question is related to the interoperability of the Clearing Corporation. So as you said that it will be beneficial for BSE in terms of some volumes can shift from NSE to BSE, so it will be better if you please explain that how it can happen. For example, anyone who is trading on NSE, after the interoperability coming in, why the volumes will shift Sir?

16

So it will clearly reduce people's need for funds to trade on other exchange, people's hassles of, trading on the other exchange. And also, if the clarification comes, even the STT will be reduced for the things which are not settled. So people today, who are not willing to place orders on BSE assuming that they can't come out of BSE on the derivatives, tomorrow, if they buy ACC Futures on BSE and sell ACC Futures on NSE, they have a net position which is zero. Right? And that way people who are not currently willing to trade on BSE will start trading.

That is how, basically, overall it will benefit everyone on their efficient utilization of margins, less efforts on settlements and less, actually zero worry on coming out of positions. Only thing which will not work is that index of BSE is different from index of NSE and that's where we won't have a complete setoff. But otherwise this is going to be very, very beneficial to people who are basically trading and are neutral to ACC, we tell many people, that if you buy a ACC shares on NSE does it get more dividend vis-à-vis if you buy ACC share on BSE? No. Right. But today when you go to buy even if it is 15 paise costlier or one rupee costlier on NSE, today you buy there because your margin is lying there. Tomorrow you won't worry about it because it is interoperable. Right?

Amit Chandra

Okay. So you think that the shift of volume that happened because of the derivative being on the NSE. So, that loss of market share that we had in the last four or five quarters of six quarters. So that can recover after this interoperability comes in. And are we taking any steps in terms of educating the dealers or the investors or taking any steps to make sure that the volumes shift from NSE, some volume from NSE to BSE after this interoperability comes in.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

17

it, in implementation of it, and BSE clearly has a much better technology compared to other exchanges is in this area and other areas. So we think we have a good thing up our sleeve, but it remains to be seen how it finally translates into the higher volumes.

Amit Chandra

Okay, sir. As you mentioned that you're going to setup a power trading exchange along with ICICI bank, so you know, just to give a picture, what is your timeline for that and how much investment is required for that?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

So, we have basically committed Rs 12.5 crore, we will eventually probably have 25% of the overall equity, PTC will have 5% and ICICI will have 10% and then the remaining will go to other shareholders. We have already funded the company as of last week between three players around Rs 25.5 crores, which means other people have also putting money. And now, CERC has asked for those details. So once as and when approval happens, within a few months we should be able to go live, given the pedigree that it has of PTC and BSE.

Amit Chandra

So our investment is INR 12.5 crores. So on the total cost if you see for FY2019 excluding the one offs that we had in FY2019 due to IL&FS, on the one-off last quarter, total cost has gone up by around 10% and the employee cost has gone up 16% y-o-y FY2019. So what is the outlook? Because FY 2019 was bad year in terms of our overall revenue growth, but we were not able to maintain the cost. So what is the outlook from here and how do we see the cost structure going forward?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

18

increase, sort of in that area. But overall you will see around 8% to 10% increase in employee costs going forward, unless there is some specific sort of instruction from SEBI to charge some more and stuff like that.

Amit Chandra

Okay. So the overall cost 8% to 10%, we can assume, the growth.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

And IL&FS, we have basically Rs. 12.5 crore charge we have taken and on Sammaan CSR, we have taken Rs. 1.54 crore.

Nayan Mehta

This is one time.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

This is one time. And even IL&FS is one time, and then debtors, one time we have taken Rs. 7. Crore. So that's how, basically, many of these costs are not annual recurring. But today, because of the way it is presented in IND AS, in fact last quarter you might recall, we have taken the increase in the – on the profits out of the investments as other income, but losses on investment as operating expense that's why you made us into EBITDA negative, right?

Amit Chandra

Right sir.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

19

Thank you, Mr. Amit. Next question comes from Ashish Chopra. Your line is unmuted. You may go ahead.

Ashish Chopra

Yeah. Hi. Thanks for the opportunity. I had a couple of questions. So firstly, Ashish, this year we saw – I think the liquidity enhancement scheme towards INX of around Rs. 13 odd crores. And you mentioned that you would like to see the volumes go up, but does the LES kind of continue INX in this fiscal also?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

See, till the time NSE continues, we'll have to continue. And although on a rupee to rupee basis we are getting five times more volume. NSE spends more for lesser volumes by almost 80%, 90%. And till the time NSE does it, we'll have to do it. So it's a, in that sense, an investment we are making to remain in the race and continued to be – not only remain remain, but – continue to lead by almost four or five times?

Ashish Chopra

Okay. And you mentioned that maybe some more time before you start charging in terms of volumes, and volumes are anyway picked up nicely now to maybe USD756 million ADT, but what is the level of volumes that which you feel that it's adequate enough to maybe start monetizing the exchange?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Not yet clear because that is a frictionless market, right? So anyone paying money to them, people may shift there. And so we will have to continue to watch till the time, what I call market power is at you. Right? And that is pretty far away currently.

20

Ashish Chopra

Fair enough. And sir, on the interoperability side, if you could just share some little bit more light on the timelines as we progress on there. Sir you mentioned that maybe, not after 1st of June, the participants will have to be ready. But then what happens after that if you could just throw some clarity on that. It will be helpful.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Boss! Participants actually don't have to do much. Today, they are settling through two clearing corporations, on June 1 onwards, they'll settle through only one clearing corporation, right.

Ashish Chopra

Okay.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Otherwise, they don't have to be, they will just have to make a decision, which clearing corporation they want to start with initially, later on if they want to change probably, they will be able to change. But instead of going to two schools today, they'll have to decide on one school, but the teacher will teach both subjects in the same school.

Ashish Chopra

Right. So, interoperability actually goes live from June 1, I was under the impression that maybe a couple of more approvals from SEBI that may be needed before it actually goes live. So, that was all I was wanting to clarify?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

21

Got it. And on the insurance broking distribution segment, could you just share what would be the kind of capital outlay that you would have budgeted for?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

We have put in – I mean we have 40% of the equity, which will work out to probably five or something max.

Ashish Chopra

Okay. And would you expect any operational expenses? So once the approval comes in place, I mean, just wanting to know what other kinds of investments that go into people or any other investments.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Well, that company will have to do it. That will have to do it, it's already ready and EBIX provides technology. We provide some amount of technology and managerial support and that basically, that company takes up all cost of servers and connecting to insurance companies. Already, they are ready with the technology, then we just need to get approval and they start kicking off.

Ashish Chopra

Got it, got it. Thanks so much for answer my questions and all the best.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Thank you.

Operator

22

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Same.

Manan Patel

Okay. And what is your vision like going three to five years down the line for this?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Basically, we want to go be, like close to one or two crore transactions a month from currently 43 lakhs. Right, so that basically you can figure out the revenues on that basis and if you're able to increase some part of the transaction charge per transaction, it will add into that revenue, right.

Manan Patel

Understood, sir. Sir, my next question is related to India Inc. So, you mentioned the market share for FY19 was around 71%. Is it right?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Correct. Now probably, this last two months we are doing much better.

Manan Patel

Yes. And from what I understand, it was 83% in FY18. So why was the significant loss in market share?

Ashishkumar Chauhan

23

Around Rs. 1800 crores.

Manan Patel

Rs. 1800 crores.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Yes, please

Manan Patel

And sir, one observation, I'm still not able to find the investor presentation for this quarter on your website or on NSE. So, I think it will be great if you can upload the presentation a couple of hours before the call, so that we can analyze the things and then come up better questions.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Fair

Manan Patel

Thank you.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

I think they have uploaded, but probably, I have told them to somebody is just not gone again to checkout and reload probably if required.

24

So, all my questions have been answered. Thank you very much.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Thank you, Mr. Jayesh.

Operator

Thank you, Mr. Jayesh. Next question comes from Maulik Madhu, your line is unmuted. You may speak.

Maulik Madhu

Sir, good evening everybody. So, I have two questions on the StAR MF platform. My call got disconnected, so I don't know if these questions had been answered. But I will be quick. So one, is it possible for you to provide some estimate on what is the likely growth for revenue for the StAR MF platform in 2019-2020. And given that 2018-2019 was the first full year, when charges were levied on the StAR MF platform, would it be reasonable to expect that in the coming financial year, the increase in revenue, if any, is more likely to be driven by increase in transactions rather than the increase in the charges per transaction.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

That's a fair understanding. And we have been growing 100% year-on-year for last several years, but on a lower base. So it remains to be seen going forward whether mutual fund distribution grows that kind of numbers then of course, it is also a function of market conditions. If people don't invest in mutual funds, then although we may have a larger market share that numbers may not grow up that well, but if it does, then clearly the

25

37 lakhs transactions. On April close we did 43 lakhs, so you can see the growth there also, right. In some ways in just one month and the fact is that April was not a great month for mutual funds. Right?

Maulik Madhu

Okay, right. Yes, yes. But the transaction - the rates of transaction...

Ashishkumar Chauhan

We seem to be growing faster than the industry for last 10 years by pretty much miles, but that doesn't mean that path is a good guide to the future.

Maulik Madhu

Yes, true. That was it. Okay. Thank you.

0kay,

Operator

Thank you, Maulik Madhu. Next question comes from Mr. Shriram Shrinivasan, your line is unmuted. You may go ahead.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Hello.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Yes, please.

26

I hope, I am internal optimist. But who knows, if it does then it will like, take off. We have the best technology, we have the best services, we have the lowest cost, the issue is monopolistic practices of the existing dominant players and STT both, put together it just becomes too much. Interoperability might put a dent on some of those costs and other things and also worries about just not being able to come out. If it actually comes true, then we think, we will, like we have done in currencies, nobody gave us chance right, in 2014 when we went live and today, we are much larger than other exchanges in currencies, right? So - and we see that kind of traction happening slowly in commodities. And hopefully we'll see in equity derivatives going forward.

Shriram Shrinivasan

Yes, fine sir. Thank you. Thanks a lot sir.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Thank you, guys.

Operator

Thank you Mr. Shriram. [Operator Instructions] No further questions from the participants sir.

Ashishkumar Chauhan

Okay Thank you guys, I hope this is useful.

Nayan Mehta

Okay, thank you everyone.

27

Okay. That does conclude the conference for today. Thank you for participating on Reliance Conference Bridge. You may all disconnect now. Thank you all.

28

The information contained herein is as of the date referenced and BSE does not undertake any obligation to update these statements. BSE has obtained all market data and other information from sources believed to be reliable or are its internal estimates, although its accuracy or completeness cannot be guaranteed. The presentation relating to financial performance herein is reclassified/regrouped based on Management estimates and may not directly correspond to published data. The numbers have also been rounded off in the interest of easier understanding. All information in this speech / presentation has been prepared solely by the company and has not been independently verified by anyone else.

This document is for information purposes only and does not constitute an offer or recommendation to buy or sell any securities of BSE. Any action taken by you on the basis of the information contained herein is your responsibility alone and BSE or its directors or employees will not be liable in any manner for the consequences of such action taken by you. The distribution of this document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law and persons into whose possession this presentation comes should inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions.

29