

# PL Mid and Small Cap 

 Investor Day
## Post Conference Notes

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## Key Snapshots

## Ashoka Buildcon <br> Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs130 |TP: NA

ASBL has delivered a Sale/PAT CAGR of $11 \% / 23 \%$ over FY14-18 with average RoE/RoCE of $13 \% / 17 \%$. We believe that a strong order backlog \& order inflow, along with pickup in execution, would drive its revenue growth and margins. Improving visibility/macro environment both in Road and T\&D sector will develop prominence in EPC projects, thus benefiting the company.

## Confidence Petroleum India Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs45 | TP: NA

CPIL aims to increase the Auto LPG presence by targeting 500 filling stations, as against the current 186. LPG bottling units are likely to increase from 58 to 100 by FY2022. Rising LPG connections under Ujjwala will increase cylinder demand, in future.

## Entertainment Network (India) <br> Rating: Accumulate | CMP: Rs526 | TP: Rs662

In light of renewed focus on non-FCT business, we turn apprehensive and cut our target EV/EBITDA multiple from $18.5 x$ to $15.5 x$. This translates into per share value of Rs649 per share. Our DCF enabled per share value stands at Rs676 per share. We arrive at blended TP ( $50 \%$ weight to each methodology) of Rs662 per share. We maintain 'Accumulate' rating on the stock.

## I.G. Petrochemicals

## Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs311 | TP: Rs530

The company is on track to expand PAN capacity to 222,100MT by December 2019. Led by healthy downstream demand from paints, pigments and plasticizers users, the outlook for PAN demand remains robust. Moreover, limited capacity addition by global players add to sustainability of growth prospects. IGPL with timely capacity addition is well placed to capitalize on growth prospects. Maintain BUY.

## Jindal Saw <br> Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs85 | TP: NA

2.5MT capacity with significant presence across steel pipe segments. Focus shifts to core pipes business, sells one US subsidiary. Aims at Rs2-2.5bn debt reduction/annum.

## Maharashtra Seamless <br> Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs476 | TP: Rs551

Over FY19-21E, we expect MSL to grow standalone revenues/EBITDA/ PAT at $29.9 \% / 30.1 \% / 23.0 \%$ CAGR \% to Rs $51179 \mathrm{mn} / \mathrm{Rs} 9893 \mathrm{mn} / \mathrm{Rs} 5,860 \mathrm{mn}$ respectively. The company is witnessing buoyancy in realisations due to higher crude and steel prices. Robust volume growth as well as better product mix is leading to a higher operating leverage and sustainable EBITDA, however we believe that high interest cost and depreciation will lower this growth. We have a BUY rating with a 12-month price target of Rs 551 ( $5 \times$ EV/EBITDA FY20E), indicating $17 \%$ upside.

## Music Broadcast <br> Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs57 | TP: Rs81

Music Broadcast Ltd's (MBL) management stated that utilization rate in phase 3 stations is closer to $45-48 \%$ with EBITDA margins in the range of $15-18 \%$ (New stations contribute $\sim 10 \%$ to the top-line). We value the stock at $15.5 \times$ FY20 EBITDA of Rs1.3bn to arrive at per share value of Rs80. Our DCF enabled per share value stands at Rs81. We arrive at blended TP ( $50 \%$ weight to each methodology) of Rs81 per share. Maintain BUY.

## Navneet Education <br> Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs115 | TP: Rs157

Backed by these factors we expect revenues to grow at a CAGR of $13.9 \%$ over FY18-21E. Valuations at 12.5x FY20E appear attractive given $21.1 \%$ bottom line CAGR over FY18-21E, superior return ratios, average $\sim 50 \%$ pay out over the last 5 years, additional revenue delta \& diversification advantage coming in from ILL acquisition, and narrowing losses in E-sense. We value the stock at 18x FY20E EPS and arrive at a TP of Rs157. Maintain BUY.

## Saregama India <br> Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs586 | TP: NA

Saregama plans to scale up the movie content business by capitalising on rising demand from OTT platforms like Netflix, Amazon, Voot and Hotstar. Saregama has sold 7.8lakh units of Carvaan in 9MFY19. The management expects to sell 50 lakh units of Carvaan in next 3 years. It is launching a new Carvaan variant which is portable and much smaller in appearance. The product will be of a small size mobile comprising of 3000 songs expected to be priced at Rs 4000 . This will enable the company to cater to 45-60 years old audience too, who are not that tech savvy but want to enjoy music on the go.

## Welspun Corp <br> Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs140 | TP: NA

Order book position as on Q3FY19 in India/Middle East/USA stands at 600kt/700kt/400kt to be executed in 12/24/12 months across Oil \& Gas and water projects amongst others. Total order book for Q3FY19 stands at 1,656kt (+29.5\% YoY/ $\downarrow 3.8 \%$ QoQ) of which H-SAW Pipes outstanding order book stands at $\sim 79 \%$. Saudi Arabia region remains the key market with order book position of $\sim 50 \%$. Gross Debt/Net Debt in Q3FY19 reduced by $1.6 \% / \downarrow 21 \%$ QoQ to Rs $14.6 \mathrm{bn} / \mathrm{Rs} 3.1 \mathrm{bn}$. Funds received from divestment of Plate \& Coil mill division will be partially utilized to pare debt. Stock is currently trading at 5.45 x EV/EBITDA of FY19.

## Welspun India

## Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs58|TP: NA

RoSCL scheme to impact profits positively. Higher cotton prices to impact margins from 3QFY20. The plant is expected to begin operations in October 2019 and it aims at sales of Rs2bn in FY20 due to a strong pan India distribution network. Similarly, at peak utilization levels this plant can generate revenues worth Rs22.0bn. The management has guided for 10-12\% growth in topline for FY20E and margins in the range of $18-20 \%$. At CMP, the stock trades at PER of 10.1 x FY20E and 8.6xFY21E consensus EPS estimates.

## COMPANIES

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## Post Conference Note

Management Representative: Mr. Paresh Mehta - CFO

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 19,631 | 15,774 | 20,065 | 24,463 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 2,498 | 2,478 | 2,427 | 2,934 |
| Margin (\%) | 12.7 | 15.7 | 12.1 | 12.0 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 1,422 | 1,483 | 1,761 | 2,370 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 6.0 | 5.0 | 6.3 | 8.4 |
| Gr. (\%) | 36.9 | $17.2)$ | 26.8 | 34.6 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 0.8 |
| Yield (\%) | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.3 |
| RoE (\%) | 14.3 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 13.0 |
| RoCE (\%) | 19.0 | 15.4 | 13.0 | 16.9 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 1.7 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 10.6 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 11.9 |
| PE (x) | 21.7 | 26.0 | 20.6 | 15.5 |
| P/BV (x) | 2.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.4 |


| Key Data | ABDL.BO \| ASBL IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $197 /$ Rs. 93 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs.37bn $/ \$ 533 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 281 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 75.18 m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoter's | 54.26 |
| Foreign | 4.25 |
| Domestic Institution | 31.44 |
| Public \& Others | 10.02 |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |


| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 M | 6 M | 12 M |
| Absolute | $(7.0)$ | 13.8 | $(25.9)$ |
| Relative | $(10.0)$ | 1.9 | $(34.8)$ |

[^0]
## Ashoka Buildcon (ASBL IN)

Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs130 | TP: NA


#### Abstract

Ashoka Buildcon Ltd (ASBL) is a leading integrated player in EPC and BOT projects. While Roads and Power are their main business segments, recently they have entered into Railway Electrification segment which has an order book of Rs13bn. Along with traditional EPC business, the company has diversified into City Gas distribution business. ASBL has delivered a Sale/PAT CAGR of 11\%/23\% over FY14-18 with average RoE/RoCE of $13 \% / 17 \%$. We believe that a strong order backlog \& order inflow, along with pickup in execution, would drive its revenue growth and margins. Improving visibility/macro environment both in Road and T\&D sector will develop prominence in EPC projects, thus benefiting the company.


ASBL on strong footing due to robust order book: Overall outlook on the Road sector is positive, however order inflow during 4QFY19 was muted- ahead of general elections. The slowdown is expected to continue for 1QFY19 while 2QFY19 can witness recovery post formation of the government. The management expects order inflow of Rs50-60bn for Road and Rs10-15bn from Power T\&D segment during FY20. Current order book of the company is Rs95bn (out of which BOT comprises $51 \%$, roads EPC is $27 \%$ and Power T\&D and Railways EPC is $22 \%$ ) which delivers a strong visibility (3.7x FY18 revenue).

SBI-Macquarie exit on the table: ASBL (in August 2012) entered into share purchase agreement for its fully-owned subsidiary, Ashoka Concessions Limited (ACL) with Macquarie-SBI Infrastructure Investments (MSIIPL) and SBI Macquarie Infrastructure Trust (SMIT). As part of the agreement - MSIIPL and SMIT invested Rs8bn in ACL. The investments have taken form of equity share capital/compulsorily convertible debentures. For these new minority investors, Rs8bn would effectively translate into $39 \%$ stake and post the transaction ASBL would own residual stake of $61 \%$. ASBL has assured a $12 \%$ IRR to MSIIPL and SMIT for the next 6.5 years.

Diversification into City gas distribution: ASBL has recently diversified into City Gas distribution under Unison Enviro Private Limited (UEPL). Morgan Stanley India Infrastructure (MSII) has committed Rs1.5bn of investment in the business (49\% stake). The total investment in CGD business is Rs6.5bn (Rs2bn Equity and Rs4.5bn Debt), out of which Rs700mn is already spent. UEPL has started commercial operations of its first CGD project in Ratnagiri (Maharashtra). In the recently concluded ninth round of bidding for CGD licenses, UEPL has won two additional CGD licenses - Latur \& Osmanabad in Maharashtra and Chitradurga \& Davangere in Karnataka. The company has guided for a revenue of Rs7-8mn in FY19 and an incremental revenue of Rs1bn every year from FY20 onwards, as the scale increases in Ratnagiri and other locations start getting operational.

Lean balance sheet and stable margin: ASBL's standalone EBITDA margins are expected to remain in a historical range of $14-15 \%$, backed by strong revenue growth and a high share of captive road projects ( $51 \%$ of overall order book) which carry $\sim 100 \mathrm{bps}$ better margins than third-party EPC works. On the debt front, ASBL has prudently infused capital at regular intervals for a better leverage. We expect standalone leverage to remain in check, in the range of $0.4-05 \mathrm{x}$, led by positive cash flows and limited incremental support for BOT assets.

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## Post Conference Note

Management Representative: Mr. Vimal Parwal - President (Corporate)

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 2,663 | 3,505 | 4,858 | 5,736 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 312 | 344 | 408 | 686 |
| Margin (\%) | 11.7 | 9.8 | 8.4 | 12.0 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | -72 | 19 | 45 | 253 |
| EPS (Rs.) | -0.9 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 1.0 |
| Gr. (\%) | NA | 108.1 | 141.2 | 461.0 |
| DPS (Rs.) | - | - | - | 0.1 |
| Yield (\%) | - | - | - | 0.2 |
| RoE (\%) | NA | 1.0 | 2.3 | 11.9 |
| RoCE (\%) | 1.6 | 5.5 | 7.5 | 17.8 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.4 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 2.8 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 11.5 |
| PE (x) | - | 67.2 | 44.3 | 30.5 |
| P/BV (x) | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 3.4 |


| Key Data | CONF.BO \| CONF IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $57 /$ Rs. 29 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs. $12 \mathrm{bn} / \$ 176 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 320 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 12 m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoter's | 51.49 |
| Foreign | 4.98 |
| Domestic Institution | 0.98 |
| Public \& Others | 42.48 |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |


| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 M | 6 M | 12 M |
| Absolute | 10.2 | 24.2 | 15.0 |
| Relative | 8.3 | 13.4 | 3.9 |

[^1]
# Confidence Petroleum India (CONF 

Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs45 | TP: NA

## Quick Pointers:

- CPIL aims to increase the Auto LPG presence by targeting 500 filling stations, as against the current 186.
- LPG bottling units are likely to increase from 58 to 100 by FY2022.
- Rising LPG connections under Ujjwala will increase cylinder demand, in future.


#### Abstract

Confidence Petroleum India Ltd (CPIL) is a vertically integrated company, which is engaged in four aspects of LPG, (I) LPG cylinder manufacturing, (ii) LPG bottling, (iii) LPG marketing and (iv) Auto LPG dispensing stations. Company is on a strong growth path from its fast-growing auto LPG dispensing station business.

\section*{Conference highlights:}


Auto LPG division to sustain high growth: Auto LPG segment currently has filling stations in Karnataka, Tamilnadu, Telangana, Andhra Pradesh and Maharashtra. Going forward, it plans to enter into UP, Bihar and Rajasthan. While CPIL (which has 186 filling stations) markets it as "Go GAS" aims to have 500 stations, in the near future. Auto LPG business is also gaining traction due to favorable economics, lower cost vis-a-vis competing fuel and low operating cost. Introduction of factory fitted LPG vehicles along with government's mandate for compulsory LPG usage in different states has opened up new growth opportunities. CPIL's existing chain of 58 bottling units along with low operational and conversion cost vis a vis CNG- offers a good scope to increase volumes in the coming years.

LPG marketing focusing on commercial segment: CPIL is an integrated player in the LPG space with a network of 58 LPG bottling plants. 30 units are catering to PSU's while 28 units are for selling LPG under its brand "GO GAS". The network gives an edge to CPIL for providing easy sourcing, storing as well as a hub \& spoke model that gives a competitive advantage over other retailers. This also results in better inventory management and operational excellence, which further lead to better efficiency. Also, CPIL is focusing on the commercial segment as it does not have subsidy but still offers more scope of growth due to regular refills. It is aiming for larger geographical presence with 100 bottling units by 2022.

LPG cylinder manufacturing- CPIL is benefitting from rising LPG footprint across India due to government's thrust on providing cylinders to rural household under the Ujjwala scheme. Each new LPG connection requires 2.5 cylinders. India's current stock is 550 mn cylinders which requires replacement after 10 years. In addition, 80 mn new connections under Ujjwala Yojana has increased the demand for cylinders. This business has high entry barriers due to qualification and order procedures.

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## Post Conference Note

Management Representative:
Mr. Narayanan Subramanian - Group CFO

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 5,371 | 6,446 | 7,313 | 8,131 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 1,166 | 1,389 | 1,828 | 2,114 |
| Margin (\%) | 21.7 | 21.6 | 25.0 | 26.0 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 352 | 513 | 794 | 989 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 7.4 | 10.8 | 16.6 | 20.8 |
| Gr. (\%) | $(35.5)$ | 45.8 | 54.8 | 24.7 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Yield (\%) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| RoE (\%) | 4.0 | 5.5 | 7.9 | 9.0 |
| RoCE (\%) | 5.4 | 7.1 | 10.4 | 12.1 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 20.9 | 17.1 | 12.3 | 9.9 |
| PE (x) | 71.3 | 48.9 | 31.6 | 25.3 |
| P/BV (x) | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 |


| Key Data | ENIL.BO \| ENIL IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $765 /$ Rs. 505 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs. $25 \mathrm{bn} / \$ 361 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 48 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 6.43 m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoter's | 71.15 |
| Foreign | 8.79 |
| Domestic Institution | 13.03 |
| Public \& Others | 7.03 |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |


| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 M | 6 M | 12 M |
| Absolute | $(0.7)$ | $(14.1)$ | $(24.4)$ |
| Relative | $(3.0)$ | $(23.0)$ | $(33.5)$ |

[^2]
# Entertainment Network (India) 

Rating: ACCUMULATE | CMP: Rs526 | TP: Rs662

## Quick Pointers:

- Low margin non-FCT business to account for $50 \%$ of revenues in 4-5 years.
- Radio business topline to grow at 15\% CAGR over FY18-21
- We cut EV/BIDTA multiples from $18.5 x$ to $15.5 x$ and rating to Accumulate

ENIL's management appeared confident in scaling the non-FCT business ( $30 \%$ revenues) to $\sim 50 \%$ in the next $4-5$ years. While non-FCT business is margin dilutive as compared to traditional air time sale on radio, gross margins (GM) have witnessed an uptrend over the last 3 years (19\% in FY17 to $\sim 28 \%$ now). Given low capex, minimal working capital requirements and strong talent pool of employees (350 people), non-FCT business will be a key driver even as the traditional radio business is under pressure (industry growth of 6-7\% in FY19). While the non-FCT business provides diversity it has long gestation period and is cumbersome in nature, manpower intensive, requires high marketing budget and in depth knowledge about the product/geography.

In light of renewed focus on non-FCT business, we turn apprehensive and cut our target EV/EBITDA multiple from 18.5x to 15.5x. This translates into per share value of Rs649 per share. Our DCF enabled per share value stands at Rs676 per share. We arrive at blended TP (50\% weight to each methodology) of Rs662 per share. We maintain Accumulate.

Improving utilization to aid growth in radio business: Inventory utilization for 35 phase 2 and 17 batch 1 stations is closer to $\sim 85 \%$ and $\sim 35 \%$ respectively. We expect the utilization levels to rise gradually to $85 \%$ (phase 2), $40 \%$ (batch 1) and $20 \%$ (batch 2) in FY20E. Rise in utilization and calibrated price hike is likely to drive top-line at a CAGR of $15 \%$ over FY18-21E.

Improved profitability of batch 1 stations to drive margins: Due to renewed focus on non-FCT business we expect EBITDA margins to decline 10 bps YoY to $21.6 \%$ in FY19E. However, we expect a sharp jump of 350 bps in FY20E to 25\% given 1) improved profitability of batch 1 stations and 2 ) networking nature of 21 batch 2 stations.

Other highlights: 1) Non-FCT business contributed Rs1.6bn in top-line in FY18. Growth is expected to be in the region of $25 \%$ in FY19. 2) $85 \%$ of the non-FCT business comes from the top 8 markets 3 ) In the radio business no single category contributes more than $15 \%$ while no single advertiser contributes more than $3 \%$ to the top-line 4) TV Today acquisition is still pending, MIB is expected to take a call only post elections.

## Financials

Income Statement (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenues | 5,371 | 6,446 | 7,313 | 8,131 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | (3.4) | 20.0 | 13.5 | 11.2 |
| Cost of Goods Sold | - | - | - | - |
| Gross Profit | - | - | - | - |
| Margin (\%) | - | - | - |  |
| Employee Cost | 1,185 | 1,386 | 1,572 | 1,707 |
| Other Expenses | 1,926 | 2,175 | 2,377 | 2,602 |
| EBITDA | 1,166 | 1,389 | 1,828 | 2,114 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | (7.4) | 19.1 | 31.6 | 15.6 |
| Margin (\%) | 21.7 | 21.6 | 25.0 | 26.0 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 635 | 673 | 728 | 737 |
| EBIT | 532 | 716 | 1,100 | 1,377 |
| Margin (\%) | 9.9 | 11.1 | 15.0 | 16.9 |
| Net Interest | 47 | 50 | 44 | 41 |
| Other Income | 88 | 135 | 146 | 163 |
| Profit Before Tax | 615 | 801 | 1,202 | 1,499 |
| Margin (\%) | 11.4 | 12.4 | 16.4 | 18.4 |
| Total Tax | 263 | 288 | 409 | 510 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 42.8 | 36.0 | 34.0 | 34.0 |
| Profit after tax | 352 | 513 | 794 | 989 |
| Minority interest | - | - | - | - |

Share Profit from Associate

| Adjusted PAT | 352 | 513 | $\mathbf{7 9 4}$ | 989 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| YoY gr. (\%) | $(35.5)$ | 45.8 | 54.8 | 24.7 |
| Margin (\%) | 6.5 | 8.0 | 10.9 | 12.2 |
| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Reported PAT | $\mathbf{3 5 2}$ | 513 | $\mathbf{7 9 4}$ | 989 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | $(35.5)$ | 45.8 | 54.8 | 24.7 |
| Margin (\%) | 6.5 | 8.0 | 10.9 | 12.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Other Comprehensive Income | 2 | $(2)$ | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 353 | 511 | 794 | 989 |
| Equity Shares O/s (m) | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ | $\mathbf{4 8}$ |
| EPS (Rs) | $\mathbf{7 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 . 8}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 . 8}$ |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Block | 8,246 | 9,193 | 9,325 | 9,471 |
| Tangibles | 950 | 1,241 | 1,350 | 1,472 |
| Intangibles | 7,295 | 7,953 | 7,975 | 7,999 |
| Acc: Dep / Amortization | 1,507 | 2,180 | 2,909 | 3,646 |
| Tangibles | 364 | 531 | 705 | 888 |
| Intangibles | 1,143 | 1,650 | 2,204 | 2,758 |
| Net fixed assets | 6,738 | 7,013 | 6,416 | 5,826 |
| Tangibles | 586 | 710 | 645 | 584 |
| Intangibles | 6,152 | 6,303 | 5,771 | 5,241 |
| Capital Work In Progress | 626 | - | - |  |
| Goodwill | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Non-Current Investments | 293 | 328 | 326 | 347 |
| Net Deferred tax assets | (246) | (80) | (96) | (112) |
| Other Non-Current Assets | 221 | 238 | 234 | 252 |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Investments | 1,553 | 1,772 | 1,772 | 1,772 |
| Inventories | - | - | - |  |
| Trade receivables | 1,702 | 1,943 | 2,104 | 2,317 |
| Cash \& Bank Balance | 180 | 292 | 1,375 | 2,663 |
| Other Current Assets | 211 | 226 | 241 | 260 |
| Total Assets | 11,552 | 11,840 | 12,497 | 13,465 |
| Equity |  |  |  |  |
| Equity Share Capital | 477 | 477 | 477 | 477 |
| Other Equity | 8,366 | 8,829 | 9,575 | 10,493 |
| Total Networth | 8,843 | 9,306 | 10,052 | 10,970 |
| Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Long Term borrowings | - | - | - |  |
| Provisions | - | - | - | - |
| Other non current liabilities | 92 | 105 | 118 | 126 |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| ST Debt / Current of LT Debt | 1,040 | 790 | 540 | 405 |
| Trade payables | 1,049 | 1,247 | 1,352 | 1,484 |
| Other current liabilities | 284 | 312 | 339 | 368 |
| Total Equity \& Liabilities | 11,552 | 11,840 | 12,497 | 13,465 |


| Cash Flow (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| PBT | 615 | 801 | 1,202 | 1,499 |
| Add. Depreciation | 635 | 673 | 728 | 737 |
| Add. Interest | 47 | 50 | 44 | 41 |
| Less Financial Other Income | 88 | 135 | 146 | 163 |
| Add. Other | $(117)$ | $(149)$ | 31 | 27 |
| Op. profit before WC changes | 1,180 | 1,376 | 2,006 | 2,303 |
| Net Changes-WC | $(52)$ | $(51)$ | $(43)$ | $(92)$ |
| Direct tax | $(150)$ | $(288)$ | $(409)$ | $(510)$ |
| Net cash from Op. activities | 977 | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 5 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 0 2}$ |
| Capital expenditures | $(255)$ | $(948)$ | $(132)$ | $(146)$ |
| Interest / Dividend Income | - | - | - | - |
| Others | $(396)$ | 407 | - | - |
| Net Cash from Invt. activities | $(651)$ | $\mathbf{( 5 4 1 )}$ | $(132)$ | $(146)$ |
| Issue of share cap. / premium | - | - | - | - |
| Debt changes | - | $(250)$ | $(250)$ | $(135)$ |
| Dividend paid | $(57)$ | $(48)$ | $(48)$ | $(72)$ |
| Interest paid | $(1)$ | $(50)$ | $(44)$ | $(41)$ |
| Others | $(274)$ | $(35)$ | 2 | $(20)$ |
| Net cash from Fin. activities | $(333)$ | $(383)$ | $(340)$ | $(268)$ |
| Net change in cash | $(6)$ | $\mathbf{1 1 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 0 8 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 2 8 8}$ |
| Free Cash Flow | 617 | 780 | 1,278 | 1,428 |
| Soure: Company Data, PL Rear |  |  |  |  |


| Key Financial Metrics |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Per Share(Rs) |  |  |  |  |
| EPS | 7.4 | 10.8 | 16.6 | 20.8 |
| CEPS | 20.7 | 24.9 | 31.9 | 36.2 |
| BVPS | 185.5 | 195.2 | 210.9 | 230.1 |
| FCF | 12.9 | 16.4 | 26.8 | 30.0 |
| DPS | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Return Ratio(\%) |  |  |  |  |
| RoCE | 5.4 | 7.1 | 10.4 | 12.1 |
| ROIC | 10.1 | 11.7 | 14.6 | 15.7 |
| RoE | 4.0 | 5.5 | 7.9 | 9.0 |
| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |
| Net Debt : Equity (x) | $0.1)$ | $(0.1)$ | $(0.3)$ | $(0.4)$ |
| Net Working Capital (Days) | 44 | 39 | 38 | 37 |
| Valuation(x) |  |  |  |  |
| PER | 71.3 | 48.9 | 31.6 | 25.3 |
| P/B | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| P/CEPS | 25.4 | 21.1 | 16.5 | 14.5 |
| EV/EBITDA | 20.9 | 17.1 | 12.3 | 9.9 |
| EV/Sales | 4.5 | 3.7 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Dividend Yield (\%) | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 |
| Source: Company Data, PL Research |  |  |  |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Quarterly Financials (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | Q1FY19 | Q2FY19 | Q3FY19 | Q4FY19E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenue | 1,216 | 1,225 | 2,009 | 1,996 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 16.4 | (2.2) | 35.9 | 25.2 |
| Raw Material Expenses | - | - | - | - |
| Gross Profit | - | - | - | - |
| Margin (\%) | - | - | - | - |
| EBITDA | 284 | 273 | 404 | 428 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | - | - | - | - |
| Margin (\%) | 23.3 | 22.3 | 20.1 | 21.5 |
| Depreciation / Depletion | 152 | 166 | 174 | 182 |
| EBIT | 132 | 108 | 230 | 247 |
| Margin (\%) | 10.8 | 8.8 | 11.5 | 12.4 |
| Net Interest | 9 | 11 | 15 | 15 |
| Other Income | 28 | 33 | 42 | 33 |
| Profit before Tax | 150 | 130 | 257 | 265 |
| Margin (\%) | 12.3 | 10.6 | 12.8 | 13.3 |
| Total Tax | 58 | 40 | 97 | 93 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 38.5 | 31.1 | 37.8 | 35.2 |
| Profit after Tax | 92 | 89 | 160 | 172 |
| Minority interest | - | - | - | - |
| Share Profit from Associates | - | - | - | - |
| Adjusted PAT | 92 | 89 | 160 | 172 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 107.3 | 50.2 | 22.2 | 46.6 |
| Margin (\%) | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 8.6 |
| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
| Reported PAT | 92 | 89 | 160 | 172 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 107.3 | 50.2 | 22.2 | 46.6 |
| Margin (\%) | 7.6 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 8.6 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | (2) | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 92 | 90 | 158 | 172 |
| Avg. Shares O/s (m) | 48 | 48 | 48 | 48 |
| EPS (Rs) | 1.9 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 3.6 |

[^3]April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative: Mr. Pramod Bhandari - CFO

## Key Financials

|  | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 11,442 | 12,017 | 14,220 | 18,360 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 2,674 | 2,317 | 2,449 | 3,146 |
| Margin (\%) | 23.4 | 19.3 | 17.2 | 17.1 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 1,466 | 1,332 | 1,357 | 1,726 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 47.6 | 43.3 | 44.1 | 56.0 |
| Gr. (\%) | 43.8 | $19.1)$ | 1.9 | 27.2 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.6 |
| $\quad$ Yield (\%) | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| RoE (\%) | 31.8 | 22.4 | 18.6 | 19.5 |
| RoCE (\%) | 47.8 | 31.6 | 25.1 | 25.9 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| PE (x) | 6.5 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 5.6 |
| P/BV (x) | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 |


| Key Data | IGPT.BO \| IGPL IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $798 /$ Rs. 215 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs.10bn $/ \$ 138 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 31 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 24.32 m |

Shareholding Pattern (\%)

| Promoter's | 68.90 |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Foreign | 1.08 |  |
| Domestic Institution | 4.61 |  |
| Public \& Others | 25.41 |  |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |
|  | 1 M | 6 M |
| Absolute | $(5.1)$ | $(19.8)$ |
| Relative | $(7.3)$ | $(28.1)$ |

## Avishek Datta

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## I.G. Petrochemicals (IGPL IN)

Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs311 | TP: Rs530

IGPL is one of the world's largest producer of Phthalic Anhydride (PAN) with capacity of 169,110MT. The company is on track to expand PAN capacity to 222,100MT by December 2019. Led by healthy downstream demand from paints, pigments and plasticizers users, the outlook for PAN demand remains robust. Moreover, limited capacity addition by global players add to sustainability of growth prospects. IGPL with timely capacity addition is well placed to capitalize on growth prospects. Maintain BUY.

## Key Highlights

- Phthalic Anhydride Spreads increase to USD150-160/ton: IGPL management maintained that spreads have recovered to US\$150-160/ton (August 2018 lows of US\$105/ton) led by healthy demand revival. However, downstream demand remained robust with opportunities across paints, pigments and plasticizer industries.
- Capex Program on Track: Capex programme is on track and the 53,000tons Phthalic Anhydride (PAN) capacity addition will be commissioned by Dec 2019 while the 8,400 tons Plasticizer capacity will be commissioned by Mar 2020. The PAN capacity will replace some import volumes and also will be exported. However, the plasticizer capacity is targeted for use in the incense sticks (agarbati) industry.
- IGPL has already spent Rs2bn towards new capex. Total capex cost for the project stands at Rs3.4bn (Rs3.25bn for PAN and balance for Plasticizers) which will be funded by mix of internal accruals and debt.


## Financials

Income Statement (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenues | 11,442 | 12,017 | 14,220 | 18,360 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 10.3 | 5.0 | 18.3 | 29.1 |
| Cost of Goods Sold | 7,275 | 8,032 | 9,031 | 11,676 |
| Gross Profit | 4,167 | 3,984 | 5,189 | 6,684 |
| Margin (\%) | 36.4 | 33.2 | 36.5 | 36.4 |
| Employee Cost | 558 | 586 | 693 | 895 |
| Other Expenses | - | - | - | - |
| EBITDA | 2,674 | 2,317 | 2,449 | 3,146 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 58.9 | (13.3) | 5.7 | 28.5 |
| Margin (\%) | 23.4 | 19.3 | 17.2 | 17.1 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 257 | 268 | 360 | 459 |
| EBIT | 2,417 | 2,050 | 2,088 | 2,686 |
| Margin (\%) | 21.1 | 17.1 | 14.7 | 14.6 |
| Net Interest | 149 | 103 | 90 | 125 |
| Other Income | 40 | 42 | 28 | 15 |
| Profit Before Tax | 2,309 | 1,989 | 2,026 | 2,576 |
| Margin (\%) | 20.2 | 16.6 | 14.2 | 14.0 |
| Total Tax | 843 | 656 | 669 | 850 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 36.5 | 33.0 | 33.0 | 33.0 |
| Profit after tax | 1,466 | 1,332 | 1,357 | 1,726 |
| Minority interest | - | - | - | - |
| Share Profit from Associate | - | - | - | - |
| Adjusted PAT | 1,466 | 1,332 | 1,357 | 1,726 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 43.8 | (9.1) | 1.9 | 27.2 |
| Margin (\%) | 12.8 | 11.1 | 9.5 | 9.4 |
| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
| Reported PAT | 1,466 | 1,332 | 1,357 | 1,726 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 43.8 | (9.1) | 1.9 | 27.2 |
| Margin (\%) | 12.8 | 11.1 | 9.5 | 9.4 |


| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 1,466 | 1,332 | 1,357 | 1,726 |
| Equity Shares O/s (m) | $\mathbf{3 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ | $\mathbf{3 1}$ |
| EPS (Rs) | $\mathbf{4 7 . 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 3 . 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 4 . 1}$ | $\mathbf{5 6 . 0}$ |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Block | 8,419 | 9,419 | 12,419 | 15,419 |
| Tangibles | 8,419 | 9,419 | 12,419 | 15,419 |
| Intangibles | - | - | - | - |
| Acc: Dep / Amortization | 4,411 | 4,679 | 5,039 | 5,498 |
| Tangibles | 4,411 | 4,679 | 5,039 | 5,498 |
| Intangibles | - | - | - | - |
| Net fixed assets | 4,008 | 4,740 | 7,380 | 9,921 |
| Tangibles | 4,008 | 4,740 | 7,380 | 9,921 |
| Intangibles | - | - | - | - |
| Capital Work In Progress | 257 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,001 |
| Goodwill | 27 | - | - | - |
| Non-Current Investments | 502 | 502 | 502 | 502 |
| Net Deferred tax assets | (371) | (868) | $(1,375)$ | $(2,019)$ |
| Other Non-Current Assets | - | - | - | - |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Investments | - | - | - | - |
| Inventories | 944 | 1,119 | 1,324 | 1,709 |
| Trade receivables | 1,388 | 1,734 | 2,053 | 2,650 |
| Cash \& Bank Balance | 212 | 992 | 410 | 352 |
| Other Current Assets | 179 | 206 | 237 | 273 |
| Total Assets | 7,522 | 10,301 | 12,913 | 16,416 |
| Equity |  |  |  |  |
| Equity Share Capital | 308 | 308 | 308 | 308 |
| Other Equity | 4,973 | 6,305 | 7,663 | 9,389 |
| Total Networth | 5,281 | 6,613 | 7,971 | 9,697 |
| Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Long Term borrowings | 292 | 792 | 1,292 | 1,792 |
| Provisions | - | - | - | - |
| Other non current liabilities | 28 | - | - | - |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| ST Debt / Current of LT Debt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Trade payables | 1,498 | 1,870 | 2,103 | 2,719 |
| Other current liabilities | 142 | 156 | 171 | 188 |
| Total Equity \& Liabilities | 7,612 | 10,301 | 12,913 | 16,416 |


| Cash Flow (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| PBT | 2,309 | 1,989 | 2,026 | 2,576 |
| Add. Depreciation | 257 | 268 | 360 | 459 |
| Add. Interest | - | - | - | - |
| Less Financial Other Income | 40 | 42 | 28 | 15 |
| Add. Other | 109 | 61 | 62 | 110 |
| Op. profit before WC changes | 2,674 | 2,317 | 2,449 | 3,146 |
| Net Changes-WC | $(28)$ | $(156)$ | $(296)$ | $(370)$ |
| Direct tax | $(843)$ | $(656)$ | $(669)$ | $(850)$ |
| Net cash from Op. activities | $\mathbf{1 , 8 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 8 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 2 6}$ |
| Capital expenditures | $(1,181)$ | $(1,716)$ | $(3,000)$ | $(3,001)$ |
| Interest / Dividend Income | - | - | - | - |
| Others | 40 | 42 | 28 | 15 |
| Net Cash from Invt. activities | $\mathbf{( 1 , 1 4 1 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 , 6 7 4 )}$ | $\mathbf{( 2 , 9 7 2 )}$ | $(\mathbf{2 , 9 8 6 )}$ |
| Issue of share cap. / premium | - | - | - | - |
| Debt changes | $(332)$ | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Dividend paid | $(147)$ | $(133)$ | $(136)$ | $(173)$ |
| Interest paid | $(149)$ | $(103)$ | $(90)$ | $(125)$ |
| Others | - | - | - | - |
| Net cash from Fin. activities | $\mathbf{( 6 2 7 )}$ | $\mathbf{2 6 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 7 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 2}$ |
| Net change in cash | $\mathbf{3 5}$ | $\mathbf{9 4}$ | $\mathbf{( 1 , 2 1 4 )}$ | $(858)$ |
| Free Cash Flow | 622 | $(212)$ | $(1,515)$ | $(1,075)$ |
| Soure Company Data, $P$ |  |  |  |  |


| Key Financial Metrics |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Per Share(Rs) |  |  |  |  |
| EPS | 47.6 | 43.3 | 44.1 | 56.0 |
| CEPS | 55.9 | 52.0 | 55.8 | 71.0 |
| BVPS | 171.5 | 214.7 | 258.8 | 314.9 |
| FCF | 20.2 | $(6.9)$ | $(49.2)$ | $(34.9)$ |
| DPS | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 5.6 |
| Return Ratio(\%) |  |  |  |  |
| RoCE | 47.8 | 31.6 | 25.1 | 25.9 |
| ROIC | 33.1 | 22.0 | 16.7 | 16.7 |
| RoE | 31.8 | 22.4 | 18.6 | 19.5 |
| Balance Sheet |  |  |  |  |
| Net Debt : Equity (x) | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 |
| Net Working Capital (Days) | 27 | 30 | 33 | 33 |
| Valuation(x) |  |  |  |  |
| PER | 6.5 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 5.6 |
| P/B | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| P/CEPS | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 4.4 |
| EV/EBITDA | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| EV/Sales | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 |
| Dividend Yield (\%) | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| Source: Company Data, PL Research |  |  |  |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Quarterly Financials (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | Q1FY19 | Q2FY19 | Q3FY19 | Q4FY19E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenue | 3,509 | 3,242 | 3,154 | 3,160 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 18.6 | 34.6 | 7.1 | 1.0 |
| Raw Material Expenses | 2,262 | 2,067 | 2,415 | 2,304 |
| Gross Profit | 1,247 | 1,175 | 740 | 856 |
| Margin (\%) | 35.5 | 36.2 | 23.4 | 27.1 |
| EBITDA | 847 | 713 | 335 | 416 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 32.9 | - |  |  |
| Margin (\%) | 24.1 | 22.0 | 10.6 | 13.2 |
| Depreciation / Depletion | 63 | 65 | 68 | 70 |
| EBIT | 784 | 648 | 267 | 346 |
| Margin (\%) | 22.3 | 20.0 | 8.5 | 10.9 |
| Net Interest | 25 | 48 | 17 | 20 |
| Other Income | 14 | 16 | 24 | 19 |
| Profit before Tax | 679 | 616 | 274 | 345 |
| Margin (\%) | 19.3 | 19.0 | 8.7 | 10.9 |
| Total Tax | 276 | 211 | 99 | 117 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 40.7 | 34.2 | 35.9 | 34.0 |
| Profit after Tax | 402 | 405 | 176 | 228 |
| Minority interest | - | - |  |  |
| Share Profit from Associates | - | - | - | - |
| Adjusted PAT | 402 | 405 | 176 | 228 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 2.8 | 20.3 | (56.5) | (31.9) |
| Margin (\%) | 11.5 | 12.5 | 5.6 | 7.2 |
| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
| Reported PAT | 402 | 405 | 176 | 228 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 2.8 | 20.3 | (56.5) | (31.9) |
| Margin (\%) | 11.5 | 12.5 | 5.6 | 7.2 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 402 | 405 | 176 | 228 |
| Avg. Shares O/s (m) | - | - | - | - |
| EPS (Rs) | - | - | - | - |

[^4]April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative:
Mr. Rajeev Goyal - AVP

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 66,036 | 61,196 | 56,957 | 72,866 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 8,076 | 8,067 | 8,618 | 9,920 |
| Margin (\%) | 12.2 | 13.2 | 15.1 | 13.6 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 2,854 | 3,545 | 3,389 | 4,149 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 9.8 | 7.3 | 9.6 | 12.1 |
| Gr. (\%) | 88.4 | $126.1)$ | 32.4 | 25.4 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 |
| Yield (\%) | 1.5 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.0 |
| RoE (\%) | 6.0 | 4.1 | 5.7 | 6.7 |
| RoCE (\%) | 9.0 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 9.9 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 6.3 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 6.6 |
| PE (x) | 6.7 | 5.3 | 8.7 | 9.9 |
| P/BV (x) | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.6 |


| Key Data | JIND.BO \| JSAW IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $137 / \mathrm{Rs} .68$ |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs.27bn/ $\$ 392 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 320 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 70.7 m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoter's | 63.01 |
| Foreign | 10.17 |
| Domestic Institution | 3.07 |
| Public \& Others | 23.75 |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |


| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 M | 6 M | 12 M |
| Absolute | $(8.9)$ | 2.1 | $(37.5)$ |
| Relative | $(10.8)$ | $(8.7)$ | $(48.6)$ |

[^5]Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs85 | TP: NA

## Quick Pointers:

- 2.5MT capacity with significant presence across steel pipe segments
- Focus shifts to core pipes business, sells one US subsidiary
- Aims at Rs2-2.5bn debt reduction/annum

Diversified business model: Jindal Saw Limited (JSAW) is the only domestic pipe producer having significant presence across all the Iron \& Steel pipe segments. Company has manufacturing facilities in India, USA, Europe and UAE (MENA). It produces L-Saw, H-Saw, DI Pipes \& fittings and Seamless Pipes in India with a total capacity of 2.5 m tones. Key demand driver of its products include increased focus of Government on Infrastructure, Smart Cities, AMRUT Scheme, Oil \& Gas projects, Water \& Irrigation projects etc.

Order Book grew 5.8\% QoQ to US\$1.1bn: JSAW order book position as on Q3FY19 was at 1.14 m tones valuing ~US\$1.1bn ( $+1.4 \%$ YoY/+5.8\% QoQ) to be executed within 12-18 months. Management expects a continuous flow of order book due to increase in Government spending on water and gas infrastructure, pickup in economic activities which is likely a future sales driver.

Focus on Core business of Pipes: Past 3 years have been instrumental for the company as it shifted its focus to Core business of pipes. JSAW has undergone a massive restructuring exercise to demerge majority of its non-core businesses. It has also reduced its equity stake in one of a high debt US subsidiary. It is now working to consolidate and strengthen its market position in core products.

Net Debt reduced by 16.5\% YoY in Q3FY19: JSAW is scheduled to reduce term debt to the tune of Rs2-2.5bn annually. Net debt for Q3FY19 at Rs39.8bn (+4.2\% QoQ) decline $16.5 \%$ YoY.

No Major capex in the near future: JSAW is not undertaking any major capex/projects in near future. The Company has also deferred its plans to implement Mini-Steel Plant at Bhilwara (Rajasthan) for the time being.

Valuation: JSAW trades at EV/EBITDA of 5.2x FY20e. Not rated

April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative: Mr. Ashok Soni - ED Finance

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 21,293 | 30,308 | 41,199 | 51,179 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 3,062 | 5,846 | 8,118 | 9,893 |
| Margin (\%) | 14.4 | 19.3 | 19.7 | 19.3 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 1,984 | 3,872 | 4,929 | 5,860 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 29.6 | 57.8 | 73.6 | 87.5 |
| Gr. (\%) | 36.3 | 95.2 | 27.3 | 18.9 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 5.0 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Yield (\%) | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| RoE (\%) | 6.3 | 11.3 | 12.9 | 13.5 |
| RoCE (\%) | 6.5 | 11.5 | 13.2 | 14.0 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 10.4 | 5.4 | 4.4 | 3.4 |
| PE (x) | 16.0 | 8.2 | 6.4 | 5.4 |
| P/BV (x) | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 |


| Key Data | MHSM.BO \| MHS IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $532 /$ Rs. 406 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs. $33.6 \mathrm{bn} / \$ 485 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 67 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 18.0 m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Promoter's | 61.78 |  |
| Foreign | 2.28 |  |
| Domestic Institution | 7.89 |  |
| Public \& Others | 27.46 |  |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |
|  | 1 M | 6 M |
| Absolute | 2.0 | 12 M |
| Relative | 2.6 | $(8.8)$ |

## IDEA RESEARCH - Shailee Parekh

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# Maharashtra Seamless (MHS IN) 

Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs476 | TP: Rs551

Maharashtra Seamless (MSL) is a market leader for manufacturing seamless pipes in India. For the past several years, the industry has been reeling under pressure from cheap Chinese Imports. However, with the finalization of AntiDumping Duty (ADD) on Chinese pipe imports, domestic industry has got a much needed relief.

International outlook for Indian manufactured pipes seems to be improving since USA, LatAm, Columbia and Canada have imposed ADD on Chinese pipes while Europe is also considering re-imposition of ADD. Domestic outlook is also strongly led by 1) replacement of the old oil \& gas pipelines in Mumbai High \& Gujarat, 2) government's focus on Pan-India gas pipeline connectivity, 3) revival of city gas projects in various cities and 4) increased emphasis on oil drilling in North Eastern India and cross-country pipeline connection.

Over FY19-21E, we expect MSL to grow standalone revenues/EBITDA/ PAT at 29.9\%/30.1\%/23.0\% CAGR \% to Rs 51179mn/Rs 9893mn/Rs 5,860mn respectively. The company is witnessing buoyancy in realisations due to higher crude and steel prices. Robust volume growth as well as better product mix is leading to a higher operating leverage and sustainable EBITDA, however we believe that high interest cost and depreciation will lower this growth. We have a BUY rating with a 12-month price target of Rs 551 (5x EV/EBITDA FY20E), indicating 17\% upside.

EBITDA/ton higher due to better realisations and fixed cost absorption: Currently, MSL has capacities of 550,000 MTPA (post revival of 200,000 MTPA capacities) in seamless pipes and 250,000 MTPA in ERW (Electrical Resistance Welding) pipes. Seamless pipes capacity is operating at $65 \%$ utilization and ERW at $50 \%$ utilization. We expect the company to end the year with total volumes of 398,000tons and further grow by 28.4\% CAGR by over FY19-21.

EBITDA/ton for both Seamless and ERW pipes have been on a rising trend on the back of higher realizations (~Rs 80,000/ton for Seamless and Rs 50,000/ton for ERW pipes), better yields as well as operating leverages. EBITDA/ton for PMFY19 improved from Rs 6,861/ton to Rs 16,661/ton for seamless pipes and from Rs 3,405/ton to Rs 5,486/ton on ERW pipes. Going forward we expect it to sustain at $\sim$ Rs 17,000 and Rs 5,000 for ERW.

United Seamless likely to contribute from H2FY20E: MHS acquired 350,000 TPA seamless pipe capacity of United Seamless, a Hyderabad based company under NCLT for Rs 4.8bn (replacement cost of Rs 15-17bn). The plant was shut since 2015 and will require a further investment of Rs250mn to operationalise along with Rs1-1.2bn to set up the second finishing line (in FY21E). While the acquisition has largely been funded through borrowings, working capital and cost of the second finishing line will be funded through internal accruals.

This capacity will start contributing to volumes from H2FY20 and is likely to add incremental volumes of $\sim 50,000$ TPA in FY20E and $\sim 150,000$ in FY21E. The company has an obligation to export minimum $50 \%$ of its production for each of the next two years post which the company can either export or sell in the local market, to cater southern market demands. Exports are growing at 6-7\% CAGR and hence the management is confident of achieving the said volumes from this plant. Currently MHS exports $\sim 100,000$ tons p.a.

Strong Order book position: Total order book as on date stands at $\sim$ Rs 13bn. MHS secured order worth Rs 9.2bn from ONGC during the quarter. $60 \%$ of the order is to be executed by April and balance by August. The order is part of the normal procurement done by ONGC and doesn't have any correlation with the oil prices. Of the total order- Rs 300 m is towards ERW pipes and balance for seamless. ONGC and Oil India together accounted for roughly $40 \%$ of their order book until September but now it is likely to increase to $50 \%$, after this order.

April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative:
Mrs. Sangeetha Kabadi - IR
Mr. Jimmy Oza - IR

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 2,983 | 3,294 | 3,696 | 4,166 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 971 | 1,120 | 1,320 | 1,525 |
| Margin (\%) | 32.6 | 34.0 | 35.7 | 36.6 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 517 | 604 | 764 | 918 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 9.1 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
| Gr. (\%) | 41.1 | $(75.9)$ | 26.5 | 20.2 |
| DPS (Rs.) | - | - | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Yield (\%) | - | - | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| RoE (\%) | 8.6 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 11.9 |
| RoCE (\%) | 10.9 | 12.5 | 14.7 | 16.0 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 1.0 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 3.1 | 12.6 | 10.3 | 8.5 |
| PE (x) | 6.3 | 26.1 | 20.6 | 17.2 |
| P/BV (x) | 0.5 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 |


| Key Data | MUSI.BO \| RADIOCIT IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $79 /$ Rs. 49 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs. $16 \mathrm{bn} / \$ 227 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 277 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs.17.63m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Promoter's | 73.65 |  |
| Foreign | 2.43 |  |
| Domestic Institution | 8.34 |  |
| Public \& Others |  |  |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) |  |  |
|  |  | - |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |
|  | 1 M | 6 M |
| Absolute | $(7.2)$ | $(11.9)$ |
| Relative | $(9.3)$ | $(21.1)$ |

[^6]
# Music Broadcast (RADIOCIT IN) 

Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs57 | TP: Rs81

Music Broadcast Ltd's (MBL) management stated that utilization rate in phase 3 stations is closer to $45-48 \%$ with EBITDA margins in the range of 15-18\% (New stations contribute $\sim 10 \%$ to the top-line). In legacy stations utilization is $\sim 73 \%$ while in the top 12 markets it is closer to $78-80 \%$. Nonetheless, government and political advertising has been below expectations impacting utilization to some extent. As far as yields are concerned, there was a tactical hike in 3QFY19 (unsustainable in nature) and earlier in the year- benefit of $8 \%$ hike taken in top 12 markets has also been a key growth driver. Rising utilization of batch 1 stations (from a range of $35-40 \%$ in FY18 to $65 \%$ in FY21E) and increase in effective rate (5.4\% CAGR over FY18-21E for 28 legacy stations) is expected to drive sales and PAT at a CAGR of $11.8 \%$ and $21.1 \%$ over FY18-21E. We value the stock at 15.5x FY20 EBITDA of Rs1.3bn to arrive at per share value of Rs80. Our DCF enabled per share value stands at Rs81. We arrive at blended TP (50\% weight to each methodology) of Rs81 per share. Maintain BUY.

Formation of listenership body may take longer: Formation of listenership body is taking longer than expected as advertisers are unwilling to share the measurement process expenses (since radio spends are miniscule as compared to others mediums like print \& TV). While the annual recurring measurement cost for top 12-15 markets is expected to be in the range of $\sim \operatorname{Rs} 150 \mathrm{mn}$, at this point it is difficult to form a consensus amongst the participants to bear the cost wherein radio industry's FY19 growth has already slowed down to $6-7 \%$ (including new stations growth to be $\sim 8 \%$ )

DAVP rates are intact: Unlike print where there has been a hike in government ad rates to the extent of $25 \%$, DAVP rates for radio remain intact. Last hike happened ~2 years back and the industry is now engaging with DAVP to reconsider current rates. However, management stated that any decision will be taken only after the elections conclude. We believe DAVP rate hike, if taken, will benefit radio operators to a large extent as government contribution is in the range of $\sim 10-15 \%$.

Margin expansion to play out: MBL reported EBITDA margin of $32.9 \%$ in 3QFY19. However, the top $10-12$ stations are operating at $\sim 45 \%$ EBITDA margin. Management exuded confidence on the margin front given 1) incremental contribution coming from batch 1 stations that broke even in 4QFY18) 2) lower marketing spend (as batch 1 stations get matured) and networking advantage (results in opex cost savings).

## Financials

| Income Statement (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Net Revenues | 2,983 | $\mathbf{3 , 2 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{3 , 6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 1 6 6}$ |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 9.9 | 10.4 | 12.2 | 12.7 |
| Cost of Goods Sold | - | - | - | - |
| Gross Profit | 2,983 | 3,294 | 3,696 | 4,166 |
| $\quad$ Margin (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Employee Cost | 689 | 718 | 806 | 896 |
| Other Expenses | 1,323 | 1,456 | 1,571 | 1,746 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| EBITDA | $\mathbf{9 7 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 1 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 3 2 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5}$ |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 6.4 | 15.3 | 17.8 | 15.5 |
| Margin (\%) | 32.6 | 34.0 | 35.7 | 36.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 263 | 268 | 268 | 275 |
| EBIT |  |  |  |  |
| Margin (\%) | $\mathbf{y y y}$ |  |  |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Block | 3,594 | 3,673 | 3,762 | 3,862 |
| Tangibles | 503 | 573 | 650 | 738 |
| Intangibles | 3,091 | 3,101 | 3,112 | 3,124 |
| Acc: Dep / Amortization | 625 | 893 | 1,161 | 1,437 |
| Tangibles | 91 | 159 | 228 | 303 |
| Intangibles | 534 | 734 | 934 | 1,134 |
| Net fixed assets | 2,969 | 2,780 | 2,601 | 2,425 |
| Tangibles | 412 | 413 | 423 | 435 |
| Intangibles | 2,557 | 2,367 | 2,178 | 1,991 |
| Capital Work In Progress | - | - | - |  |
| Goodwill | - | - | - | - |
| Non-Current Investments | 1,666 | 1,193 | 1,202 | 1,217 |
| Net Deferred tax assets | 182 | 214 | 251 | 301 |
| Other Non-Current Assets | 84 | 92 | 111 | 133 |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Investments | - | 519 | 519 | 519 |
| Inventories | - | - | - | - |
| Trade receivables | 1,104 | 993 | 1,134 | 1,255 |
| Cash \& Bank Balance | 762 | 1,360 | 1,732 | 2,425 |
| Other Current Assets | 182 | 184 | 203 | 217 |
| Total Assets | 6,986 | 7,374 | 7,798 | 8,543 |
| Equity |  |  |  |  |
| Equity Share Capital | 571 | 553 | 553 | 553 |
| Other Equity | 5,428 | 6,032 | 6,519 | 7,161 |
| Total Networth | 5,999 | 6,585 | 7,073 | 7,714 |
| Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Long Term borrowings | 499 | 249 | 99 | 99 |
| Provisions | - | - | - |  |
| Other non current liabilities | 36 | 37 | 43 | 49 |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| ST Debt / Current of LT Debt | - | - | - |  |
| Trade payables | 223 | 268 | 326 | 398 |
| Other current liabilities | 230 | 235 | 258 | 283 |
| Total Equity \& Liabilities | 6,986 | 7,374 | 7,798 | 8,543 |


| Cash Flow (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| PBT | 752 | 929 | 1,140 | 1,370 |
| Add. Depreciation | 263 | 268 | 268 | 275 |
| Add. Interest | 150 | 54 | 30 | 12 |
| Less Financial Other Income | 194 | 132 | 118 | 133 |
| Add. Other | (196) | (33) | (35) | (49) |
| Op. profit before WC changes | 969 | 1,218 | 1,403 | 1,609 |
| Net Changes-WC | (403) | 156 | (105) | (66) |
| Direct tax | (165) | (325) | (376) | (452) |
| Net cash from Op. activities | 401 | 1,049 | 921 | 1,091 |
| Capital expenditures | (58) | (79) | (89) | (100) |
| Interest / Dividend Income | - | - |  | - |
| Others | 89 | (49) | (14) | (21) |
| Net Cash from Invt. activities | 31 | (128) | (103) | (121) |
| Issue of share cap. / premium | - | (17) | - | - |
| Debt changes | - | - | - | - |
| Dividend paid | - | - | (277) | (277) |
| Interest paid | (156) | (54) | (30) | (12) |
| Others | $(1,000)$ | (252) | (140) | 12 |
| Net cash from Fin. activities | $(1,156)$ | (324) | (446) | (277) |
| Net change in cash | (724) | 598 | 372 | 693 |
| Free Cash Flow | 232 | 899 | 799 | 970 |


| Key Financial Metrics |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Per Share(Rs) |  |  |  |  |
| EPS | 9.1 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
| CEPS | 13.7 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 4.3 |
| BVPS | 105.1 | 23.8 | 25.6 | 27.9 |
| FCF | 4.1 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.5 |
| DPS | - | - | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Return Ratio(\%) |  |  |  |  |
| RoCE | 10.9 | 12.5 | 14.7 | 16.0 |
| ROIC | 13.9 | 15.2 | 16.9 | 17.8 |
| RoE | 8.6 | 9.2 | 10.8 | 11.9 |
| Balance Sheet | 0.0 | $(0.2)$ | $(0.3)$ | $(0.4)$ |
| Net Debt : Equity (x) | 108 | 80 | 80 | 75 |
| Net Working Capital (Days) |  |  |  |  |
| Valuation(x) | 6.3 | 26.1 | 20.6 | 17.2 |
| PER | 0.5 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 |
| P/B | 4.2 | 18.1 | 15.3 | 13.2 |
| P/CEPS | 3.1 | 12.6 | 10.3 | 8.5 |
| EV/EBITDA | 1.0 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| EV/Sales | - | - | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Dividend Yield (\%) |  |  |  |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Quarterly Financials (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | Q1FY19 | Q2FY19 | Q3FY19 | Q4FY19E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenue | 757 | 801 | 870 | 865 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 7.6 | 5.7 | 14.2 | 14.0 |
| Raw Material Expenses | - | - | - | - |
| Gross Profit | 757 | 801 | 870 | 865 |
| Margin (\%) | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| EBITDA | 261 | 266 | 286 | 308 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | - | - | - | - |
| Margin (\%) | 34.4 | 33.1 | 32.9 | 35.6 |
| Depreciation / Depletion | 67 | 67 | 68 | 66 |
| EBIT | 193 | 199 | 218 | 242 |
| Margin (\%) | 25.5 | 24.8 | 25.1 | 27.9 |
| Net Interest | 14 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
| Other Income | 24 | 36 | 45 | 27 |
| Profit before Tax | 204 | 221 | 249 | 255 |
| Margin (\%) | 26.9 | 27.6 | 28.6 | 29.5 |
| Total Tax | 69 | 87 | 86 | 84 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 33.7 | 39.4 | 34.3 | 32.9 |
| Profit after Tax | 135 | 134 | 164 | 171 |
| Minority interest | - | - | - |  |
| Share Profit from Associates | - | - | - | - |
| Adjusted PAT | 135 | 134 | 164 | 171 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 24.5 | 5.1 | 37.9 | 5.4 |
| Margin (\%) | 17.8 | 16.7 | 18.8 | 19.8 |
| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
| Reported PAT | 135 | 134 | 164 | 171 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 24.5 | 5.1 | 37.9 | 5.4 |
| Margin (\%) | 17.8 | 16.7 | 18.8 | 19.8 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | - | - | - | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 135 | 134 | 164 | 171 |
| Avg. Shares O/s (m) | 57 | 57 | 55 | 277 |
| EPS (Rs) | 2.4 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 0.6 |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative: Mr. Roomy Mistry - IR

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 12,040 | 14,039 | 15,798 | 17,810 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 2,225 | 2,780 | 3,208 | 3,648 |
| Margin (\%) | 18.5 | 19.8 | 20.3 | 20.5 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 1,270 | 1,715 | 1,996 | 2,261 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 5.4 | 7.5 | 8.7 | 9.9 |
| Gr. (\%) | $(25.6)$ | 37.7 | 16.4 | 13.3 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 1.5 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.8 |
| Yield (\%) | 1.3 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| RoE (\%) | 17.6 | 21.4 | 22.1 | 22.2 |
| RoCE (\%) | 23.8 | 26.3 | 26.8 | 26.9 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 13.1 | 10.2 | 8.7 | 7.6 |
| PE (x) | 21.2 | 15.4 | 13.2 | 11.7 |
| P/BV (x) | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.4 |


| Key Data | NAVN.BO \| NELI IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $156 /$ Rs. 99 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs. $26 \mathrm{bn} / \$ 380 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 229 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 10.65 m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoter's | 61.89 |
| Foreign | 4.46 |
| Domestic Institution | 16.98 |
| Public \& Others | 16.67 |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |


| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 M | 6 M | 12 M |
| Absolute | 5.9 | 7.5 | $(25.7)$ |
| Relative | 3.5 | $(3.7)$ | $(34.7)$ |

[^7]
## Navneet Education (NELI IN)

Rating: BUY | CMP: Rs115 | TP: Rs157

Given the proposed syllabus changes for FY20E (3 classes in Maharashtra and much larger number in Gujarat) and FY21E (2 classes in Maharashtra; not yet communicated for Gujarat) the publishing business (ex-ILL) is expected to grow by 8-10\% over the next 2-3 years. Launch of new titles in the ICSE space and plans to increase penetration (very few schools opted for more than 1 ILL series while the management is trying to add more series) is likely to result in 20-25\% top-line growth for Indiannica Learning Ltd (ILL) in the next few years. As far as stationary business is concerned, growth will be driven by exports (demand from the US met by China (~90\%) is now shifting to India, thus leading to rise in share).

Backed by these factors we expect revenues to grow at a CAGR of $13.9 \%$ over FY18-21E. Valuations at 12.5x FY20E appear attractive given 21.1\% bottom line CAGR over FY18-21E, superior return ratios, average $\sim 50 \%$ pay out over the last 5 years, additional revenue delta \& diversification advantage coming in from ILL acquisition, and narrowing losses in E-sense. We value the stock at 18x FY20E EPS and arrive at a TP of Rs157. Maintain BUY.

ILL scale up is behind schedule: Topline of ILL is expected to fall short of guidance in FY19 since penetration is a challenge. However, launch of new titles and workbooks is likely to result in a steady growth of $20-25 \%$ for next few years. On a topline of Rs0.9-1bn the ILL business is estimated breakeven and start contributing towards the profitability.

KTS school management business on track: As of FY19, KTS business had 25 schools. The school business is expected to report EBITDA of Rs500mn in the next year and no additional investment lined up in the space. Approximately one school can accommodate 1,000 students with an average fee of Rs80,000-100,000 per head.

Rising stationery exports to drive growth: In the domestic stationery business, Navneet faces a stiff competition from ITC (Classmate and PaperKraft brands). However, in the export market (products exported to the US, Latin America, Africa and Middle East) Navneet has made considerable inroads and the growth is expected to be upwards of $60 \%$ in FY19E.

Other highlights: 1) Publishing receivable cycle is $45-60$ days while in case of stationery it is $75-90$ days. 2) $10 \%$ of the stationary business is to schools. $30 \%$ of the stationery revenues comes from Maharashtra \& Gujarat 3) Approximately 32\% of ILL's sales is in Northern markets, balance is from 18 other states.

## Financials

Income Statement (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenues | 12,040 | 14,039 | 15,798 | 17,810 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 2.7 | 16.6 | 12.5 | 12.7 |
| Cost of Goods Sold | 5,849 | 6,795 | 7,599 | 8,567 |
| Gross Profit | 6,191 | 7,244 | 8,199 | 9,244 |
| Margin (\%) | 51.4 | 51.6 | 51.9 | 51.9 |
| Employee Cost | 1,468 | 1,600 | 1,784 | 1,998 |
| Other Expenses | 2,499 | 2,864 | 3,207 | 3,598 |
| EBITDA | 2,225 | 2,780 | 3,208 | 3,648 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | (18.8) | 25.0 | 15.4 | 13.7 |
| Margin (\%) | 18.5 | 19.8 | 20.3 | 20.5 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 307 | 331 | 349 | 374 |
| EBIT | 1,918 | 2,450 | 2,860 | 3,274 |
| Margin (\%) | 15.9 | 17.4 | 18.1 | 18.4 |
| Net Interest | 77 | 100 | 102 | 103 |
| Other Income | 260 | 280 | 270 | 260 |
| Profit Before Tax | 2,100 | 2,630 | 3,028 | 3,431 |
| Margin (\%) | 17.4 | 18.7 | 19.2 | 19.3 |
| Total Tax | 829 | 905 | 1,042 | 1,180 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 39.5 | 34.4 | 34.4 | 34.4 |
| Profit after tax | 1,272 | 1,725 | 1,986 | 2,251 |
| Minority interest | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Share Profit from Associate | (1) | (10) | 10 | 10 |
| Adjusted PAT | 1,270 | 1,715 | 1,996 | 2,261 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | (25.6) | 35.0 | 16.4 | 13.3 |
| Margin (\%) | 10.5 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 12.7 |


| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Reported PAT | $\mathbf{1 , 2 7 0}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 7 1 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 9 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 , 2 6 1}$ |
| YoY gr. (\%) | $(25.6)$ | 35.0 | 16.4 | 13.3 |
| Margin (\%) | 10.5 | 12.2 | 12.6 | 12.7 |

10.5

|  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| - | - | - | - |
| 1,270 | 1,715 | 1,996 | 2,261 |
| $\mathbf{2 3 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 9}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 9}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 . 4}$ | $\mathbf{7 . 5}$ | $\mathbf{8 . 7}$ | $\mathbf{9 . 9}$ |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Gross Block | 4,664 | 5,033 | 5,352 | 5,671 |
| Tangibles | 3,991 | 4,330 | 4,619 | 4,908 |
| Intangibles | 673 | 703 | 733 | 763 |
| Acc: Dep / Amortization | 2,574 | 2,947 | 3,340 | 3,760 |
| Tangibles | 2,272 | 2,603 | 2,951 | 3,326 |
| Intangibles | 303 | 345 | 389 | 434 |
| Net fixed assets | 2,089 | 2,085 | 2,011 | 1,911 |
| Tangibles | 1,719 | 1,727 | 1,668 | 1,582 |
| Intangibles | 370 | 358 | 344 | 328 |
| Capital Work In Progress | 42 | 42 | 42 | 42 |
| Goodwill | 457 | 457 | 457 | 457 |
| Non-Current Investments | 667 | 667 | 667 | 667 |
| Net Deferred tax assets | 32 | - | - | - |
| Other Non-Current Assets | 108 | 125 | 130 | 130 |
| Current Assets |  |  |  |  |
| Investments | - | - | 500 | 500 |
| Inventories | 4,282 | 4,616 | 5,194 | 5,855 |
| Trade receivables | 3,181 | 3,462 | 3,809 | 4,294 |
| Cash \& Bank Balance | 68 | 551 | 673 | 1,347 |
| Other Current Assets | 536 | 589 | 648 | 713 |
| Total Assets | 11,536 | 12,833 | 14,380 | 16,165 |
| Equity |  |  |  |  |
| Equity Share Capital | 467 | 458 | 458 | 458 |
| Other Equity | 7,053 | 8,047 | 9,133 | 10,362 |
| Total Networth | 7,520 | 8,505 | 9,591 | 10,820 |
| Non-Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| Long Term borrowings | - | - | - |  |
| Provisions | 166 | 180 | 194 | 210 |
| Other non current liabilities | - | - | - | - |
| Current Liabilities |  |  |  |  |
| ST Debt / Current of LT Debt | 2,253 | 2,485 | 2,767 | 3,119 |
| Trade payables | 753 | 769 | 866 | 976 |
| Other current liabilities | 842 | 893 | 962 | 1,039 |
| Total Equity \& Liabilities | 11,536 | 12,833 | 14,381 | 16,165 |


| Cash Flow (Rs m) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Y/e Mar | FY18 | FY19E | FY20E | FY21E |
| PBT | 2,099 | 2,630 | 3,028 | 3,431 |
| Add. Depreciation | 307 | 331 | 349 | 374 |
| Add. Interest | 77 | 100 | 102 | 103 |
| Less Financial Other Income | 260 | 280 | 270 | 260 |
| Add. Other | $(131)$ | $(168)$ | $(162)$ | $(156)$ |
| Op. profit before WC changes | 2,352 | 2,892 | 3,316 | 3,752 |
| Net Changes-WC | $(1,155)$ | $(783)$ | $(833)$ | $(1,025)$ |
| Direct tax | $(882)$ | $(865)$ | $(992)$ | $(1,130)$ |
| Net cash from Op. activities | 315 | $\mathbf{1 , 2 4 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 4 9 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 9 7}$ |
| Capital expenditures | $(550)$ | $(327)$ | $(275)$ | $(273)$ |
| Interest / Dividend Income | 187 | 168 | 162 | 156 |
| Others | $(8)$ | - | - | - |
| Net Cash from Invt. activities | $(371)$ | $(159)$ | $(113)$ | $(117)$ |
| Issue of share cap. / premium | - | - | - | - |
| Debt changes | $(9)$ | 232 | 282 | 352 |
| Dividend paid | $(703)$ | $(420)$ | $(720)$ | $(910)$ |
| Interest paid | $(77)$ | $(100)$ | $(102)$ | $(103)$ |
| Others | - | $(9)$ | - | - |
| Net cash from Fin. activities | $(790)$ | $(298)$ | $(540)$ | $(661)$ |
| Net change in cash | $(846)$ | $\mathbf{7 8 9}$ | $\mathbf{8 3 8}$ | 819 |
| Free Cash Flow | $(46)$ | 918 | 1,217 | 1,324 |
| Sour |  |  |  |  |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

Quarterly Financials (Rs m)

| Y/e Mar | Q1FY19 | Q2FY19 | Q3FY19 | Q4FY19E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Revenue | 6,700 | 2,635 | 1,816 | 2,237 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 19.0 | 44.5 | 4.1 | 5.2 |
| Raw Material Expenses | 3,525 | 1,207 | 836 | 1,074 |
| Gross Profit | 3,175 | 1,427 | 980 | 1,163 |
| Margin (\%) | 47.4 | 54.2 | 54.0 | 52.0 |
| EBITDA | 1,974 | 463 | 157 | 291 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 730.5 | - | - | - |
| Margin (\%) | 29.5 | 17.6 | 8.6 | 13.0 |
| Depreciation / Depletion | 57 | 60 | 62 | 62 |
| EBIT | 1,917 | 403 | 95 | 229 |
| Margin (\%) | 28.6 | 15.3 | 5.2 | 10.2 |
| Net Interest | 42 | 23 | 11 | 11 |
| Other Income | 71 | 72 | 30 | 30 |
| Profit before Tax | 1,946 | 451 | 113 | 247 |
| Margin (\%) | 29.0 | 17.1 | 6.2 | 11.1 |
| Total Tax | 683 | 162 | 38 | 84 |
| Effective tax rate (\%) | 35.1 | 35.9 | 33.5 | 34.0 |
| Profit after Tax | 1,263 | 289 | 75 | 163 |
| Minority interest | - | - | - | - |
| Share Profit from Associates | - | - | - | - |
| Adjusted PAT | 1,263 | 289 | 75 | 163 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 15.2 | 73.9 | (36.5) | 8.4 |
| Margin (\%) | 18.9 | 11.0 | 4.2 | 7.3 |
| Extra Ord. Income / (Exp) | - | - | - | - |
| Reported PAT | 1,263 | 289 | 75 | 163 |
| YoY gr. (\%) | 15.2 | 73.9 | (36.5) | 8.4 |
| Margin (\%) | 18.9 | 11.0 | 4.2 | 7.3 |
| Other Comprehensive Income | (39) | (33) | 80 | - |
| Total Comprehensive Income | 1,224 | 256 | 156 | 163 |
| Avg. Shares O/s (m) | 234 | 234 | 229 | 229 |
| EPS (Rs) | 5.4 | 1.2 | 0.3 | 0.7 |

Source: Company Data, PL Research

April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative:
Mr. Vikram Mehra - MD
Mr. Vineet Garg - CFO

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 1,819 | 2,148 | 2,082 | 3,456 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 168 | 151 | 78 | 341 |
| Margin (\%) | 9.2 | 7.0 | 3.8 | 9.9 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 183 | 171 | 100 | 305 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 9.0 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 17.5 |
| Gr. (\%) | 29.8 | $(51.9)$ | 32.6 | 204.9 |
| DPS (Rs.) | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.0 |
| Yield (\%) | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.5 |
| RoE (\%) | 10.4 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 11.8 |
| RoCE (\%) | 11.8 | 12.3 | 9.9 | 16.8 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 3.3 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 9.1 | 17.8 | 16.4 | 23.8 |
| PE (x) | 13.8 | 62.3 | 40.3 | 37.5 |
| P/BV (x) | 1.4 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 4.1 |


| Key Data | SARE.BO \| SARE IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $871 /$ Rs. 462 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs. $10 \mathrm{bn} / \$ 148 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 17.4 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs. 13.2 m |



[^8]
## Saregama India (SARE IN)

Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs586 | TP: NA

## OTT platforms to enable scale up in movie content business

- Saregama plans to scale up the movie content business by capitalising on rising demand from OTT platforms like Netflix, Amazon, Voot and Hotstar.
- Cheaper data has opened up OTT avenues for profitable monetisation of content driven films- more so from age group of 18-35 years, as against the earlier theatrical launch model.
- Saregama will now focus on movie production budgeted at $\sim$ Rs $35-45 \mathrm{~m}$ per film with an end to end production time of 6 to 9 months.
- It has sold digital rights of 5 movies to Netflix already and is in talks with Hotstar for 12 movies.
- Saregama has a capability to produce 18-24 films/year. Going forward, it will be a title holder for all the movies.
- Saregama is aiming for 20-30\% EBIDTA margins in this business.


## Carvaan

- Saregama has sold 7.8lakh units of Carvaan in 9MFY19. The management expects to sell 50 lakh units of Carvaan in next 3 years.
- It is launching a new Carvaan variant which is portable and much smaller in appearance. The product will be of a small size mobile comprising of 3000 songs expected to be priced at Rs 4000 . This will enable the company to cater to 45-60 years old audience too, who are not that tech savvy but want to enjoy music on the go.
- Strong focus to monetise existing content with B2C products like Carvaan, music apps, music cards etc. are some key steps in that direction.


## Contract with Saavn/Wynk and similar platforms

- Saregama gets paid via "Pay on per stream" basis from online platforms. It charges 10 paisa per stream + incremental share if streamed by subscribed customer + share in advertisement revenue
- Some contracts have some minimum guarantee varying from one player to another.

April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative:
Mr. Vipul Mathur - MD
Mr. Percy Birdy - CFO
Mr. Rupak Ghosh - Sr. VP - Finance \& MIS
Mr. Harish Venkateswaran - Head IR

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 49,489 | 37,725 | 43,458 | 52,151 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 2,827 | 1,627 | 5,023 | 4,489 |
| Margin (\%) | 5.7 | 4.3 | 11.6 | 8.6 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | -157 | $-1,232$ | 1,746 | 1,258 |
| EPS (Rs.) | -0.6 | -4.6 | 6.6 | 4.7 |
| Gr. (\%) | - | - | - | $(27.9)$ |
| DPS (Rs.) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| Yield (\%) | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| RoE (\%) | $N A$ | NA | 10.2 | 6.8 |
| RoCE (\%) | 4.4 | 0.6 | 13.9 | 11.6 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 7.8 | 16.0 | 5.0 | 7.0 |
| PE (x) | - | - | 12.6 | 28.4 |
| P/BV (x) | 0.8 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.9 |


| Key Data | WGSR.BO \| WLCO IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| 52-W High / Low | Rs. $187 /$ Rs. 89 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs.37bn $/ \$ 530 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| Shares Outstanding | 265 m |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs.102m |


| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| :--- | ---: |
| Promoter's | 48.65 |
| Foreign | 6.24 |
| Domestic Institution | 8.06 |
| Public \& Others | 36.45 |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) | - |


| Stock Performance (\%) |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 M | 6 M | 12 M |
| Absolute | 13.2 | $(7.3)$ | $(10.7)$ |
| Relative | 11.3 | $(18.0)$ | $(21.8)$ |

## Amit Khimesra

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## Welspun Corp (WLCO IN)

Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs140 | TP: NA

Pipe manufacturer focused on Oil \& Gas value chain: Welspun Corp is into manufacturing of Iron \& Steel Pipes primarily for Oil \& Gas and Water Distribution industries - mainly utilized for Exploration/Production, Transportation and Distribution. Company has manufacturing facilities in India, Middle East \& USA with a total capacity of 2.45 m tones. It produces L-Saw, H-Saw, ERW, Bends and Coated products in India with a total capacity of 1.6 m tones.

Divestment of Plate \& Coil Mill and power division for Rs9.4bn: In Apr19, Welspun Corp divested in two of the business divisions comprising of a) Plate \& Coil mill with capacity of $1,500 \mathrm{kt}$ and $\mathbf{b}$ ) Coal based Power division with capacity of 43MW. Plate \& Coil mill located at Anjar (Gujarat) has been sold to Laptev Finance Pvt. Ltd for Rs8.74bn. Power plant has been divested to Welspun Captive Power Generation Limited at a valuation of Rs670mn and is expected to complete by Q1FY20e.

Firm Order book Position: Order book position as on Q3FY19 in India/Middle East/USA stands at 600kt/700kt/400kt to be executed in 12/24/12 months across Oil \& Gas and water projects amongst others. Total order book for Q3FY19 stands at $1,656 \mathrm{kt}(+29.5 \%$ YoY/ $\downarrow 3.8 \%$ QoQ) of which H-SAW Pipes outstanding order book stands at $\sim 79 \%$. Saudi Arabia region remains the key market with order book position of $\sim 50 \%$.

Gross Debt/Net Debt reduced by $\mathbf{1 . 6 \% / \downarrow 2 1 \%}$ QoQ: Gross Debt/Net Debt in Q3FY19 reduced by $1.6 \% / \downarrow 21 \%$ QoQ to Rs14.6bn/Rs3.1bn. Funds received from divestment of Plate \& Coil mill division will be partially utilized to pare debt.

Margins to improve in USA post implementation of Tariff: US authorities imposed a tariff of $25 \%$ on imported steel products to promote manufacturing within USA. Welspun Corp has manufacturing capacity of 0.5 m tones in USA, producing H-Saw, Wielded pipes and Coated products. With an increase in steel prices and tariff implementation, margins are further expected to improve in FY20e. However, margins in India are expected to remain range bound.

No Major Capex in the near term: Company is not undertaking any major capex programme in the near term in India as well as overseas, apart from annual maintenance capex of Rs0.75-Rs1bn.

Valuation: Stock is currently trading at $5.45 x$ EV/EBITDA of FY19.

April 16, 2019

## Post Conference Note

Management Representative:
Mr. Altaf Jiwani - CFO
Mr. Harish Venkateswaran - IR

| Key Financials |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 |
| Sales (Rs. m) | 44,035 | 48,850 | 56,393 | 49,766 |
| EBITDA (Rs. m) | 10,383 | 12,674 | 13,694 | 8,937 |
| Margin (\%) | 23.6 | 25.9 | 24.3 | 18.0 |
| PAT (Rs. m) | 5,101 | 6,483 | 7,671 | 3,041 |
| EPS (Rs.) | 5.1 | 6.5 | 3.1 | 3.0 |
| Gr. (\%) | NA | 27.1 | $(52.7)$ | $(0.8)$ |
| DPS (Rs.) | 1.1 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Yield (\%) | 3.0 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.1 |
| RoE (\%) | 41.1 | 38.9 | 15.0 | 13.1 |
| RoCE (\%) | 23.9 | 25.3 | 20.7 | 9.6 |
| EV/Sales (x) | 1.3 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| EV/EBITDA (x) | 5.1 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 8.9 |
| PE (x) | 7.0 | 15.4 | 28.7 | 19.2 |
| P/BV (x) | 2.5 | 5.3 | 4.0 | 2.4 |


| Key Data | WLSP.BO $\mid$ WLSI IN |
| :--- | ---: |
| $52-$ W High / Low | Rs. $78 /$ Rs.46 |
| Sensex / Nifty | $38,906 / 11,690$ |
| Market Cap | Rs.58bn/ \$ 840m |
| Shares Outstanding | $1,000 \mathrm{~m}$ |
| 3M Avg. Daily Value | Rs.51.1m |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Shareholding Pattern (\%) |  |
| Promoter's |  |
| Foreign |  |
| Domestic Institution |  |
| Public \& Others |  |
| Promoter Pledge (Rs bn) |  |
|  |  |

[^9]
## Welspun India (WLSI IN)

Rating: Not Rated | CMP: Rs58 | TP: NA

RoSCL scheme to impact profits positively: The Ministry of Textiles has notified a new scheme to rebate all embedded state and central taxes and levies to enhance the competitiveness of Indian apparels and made-up exports. The maximum rate of rebate of State and Central Taxes and Levies on Export of Garments and Madeups (RoSCTL) for apparel will now be $6.05 \%$. In case of made-ups, it is $8.2 \%$. The new scheme is already effective since March 7, 2019 and will remain in force upto March 31, 2020. Presently, home textile companies get 2.2\% rebate under RoSL and $4 \%$ under MEIS (Merchandise Exports from India Scheme). While RoSCTL has increased to $8.2 \%$, until now there is no hint to discontinue MEIS. Nevertheless, if the scheme continues, these companies will benefit to the tune of $\sim 6 \%$ and if not, will benefit to the tune of $2 \%$. We however believe MEIS is likely to get discontinued, as it is not WTO compliant. The rebate amount would be accounted as part of revenues which will directly flow to PBT.

Higher cotton prices to impact margins from 3QFY20: The cotton prices for Q4FY19E are at Rs43,000/candy levels. The company generally maintains an inventory for $\sim 6$ months and the same is already stocked up to September 2019 at Rs43,000/candy. As on today the cotton prices have spurted to Rs47,000/candy. Generally, it takes about 5-6 months for any change in cotton prices to affect gross margins. Hence the effect of increase in cotton prices since April 2019 is expected to reflect in Q3FY20E margins.

Marketing initiatives to improve brand Image: The management focus is to build a strong brand perception and hence WLSI has been investing in marketing and branding via ad spends in Mumbai Local, Kumbh Mela etc. In FY19E, the marketing and branding expenses are likely to be $\sim$ Rs 300 m and the management has guided $\sim$ Rs 1.0 bn marketing expenses in FY20E.

Diversification into soft and hard flooring solutions by October 2019: The total investment for the flooring business is Rs11.0bn of which Rs9.0bn is for soft flooring and balance is for hard flooring. Soft flooring is used in commercial (offices) and hospitality sectors, while hard flooring is used in residential sector. Carpets are imported every year to the tune of USD150m (growing at $\sim 25 \%$ CAGR) which attracts an import duty of $10 \%$. This represents a huge opportunity for WLSI to substitute imports as well as to enter into replacement market. The plant is expected to begin operations in October 2019 and it aims at sales of Rs2bn in FY20 due to a strong pan India distribution network. Similarly, at peak utilization levels this plant can generate revenues worth Rs22.0bn.

Management Guidance: The management has guided for $10-12 \%$ growth in topline for FY20E and margins in the range of 18-20\%.

Valuation: At CMP, the stock trades at PER of 10.1x FY20E and 8.6xFY21E consensus EPS estimates.

PL's Recommendation Nomenclature (Absolute Performance)

| Buy | $:>15 \%$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Accumulate | $: 5 \%$ to $15 \%$ |  |
| Hold | $:+5 \%$ to $-5 \%$ |  |
| Reduce | $:-5 \%$ to $-15 \%$ |  |
| Sell | $:<-15 \%$ |  |
| Not Rated (NR) | $:$ | No specific call on the stock |
| Under Review (UR) | $:$ | Rating likely to change shortly |

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