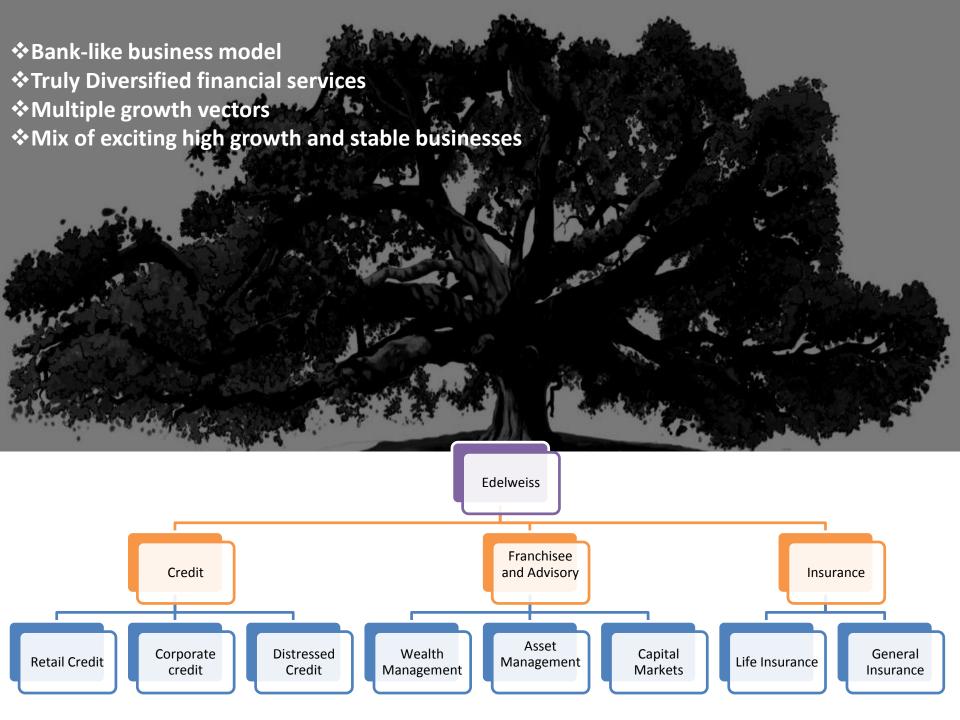


Rahul Ramchandani

25, Passionate investor, CA KPMG, Financial due diligence





Business Segments		FY18 Pre MI PAT (INR Cr)	% Contribution
Cred	lit Business		
	Retail Mortgage	66	6%
	LAS, SME, Agri and Business Loans	134	12%
	Structured Collateralised Credit	159	14%
	Wholesale Mortgage	180	16%
	Distressed Credit	192	17%
Fran	chise & Advisory Business		
	Wealth Management & Asset Management	162	15%
	Capital Markets	146	13%
BMU	J, Corporate and Others	83	7%
Tota	l Ex- Insurance	1,122	100%

Credit— The Bread and butter business of Edelweiss

Credit Business FY18 (INR Cr)	Total	Y-o-Y	Retail	Y-o-Y	Corporate	Y-o-Y	Distressed	Y-o-Y
EOP Capital Employed	42,010	52 %	16,188	81%	19,525	41%	6,297	32%
EOP Equity	5,624	49%	1,574	68%	2,873	36%	1,177	61%
Net Interest Income	2,608	54%	661	54%	1,462	37%	485	141%
PAT	731	44%	200	64%	339	18%	192	98%
Net Interest Margin	7.7%		5.2%		9.4%		9.1%	
Cost to Income	34%		46%		31%		27%	
RoE	18.1%		15.8%		18.8%		20.0%	
RoA	2.2%		1.6%		2.2%		3.6%	

- · Growth driven by our diversified credit book
- Scale up Corporate Credit opportunity through co-investment from Asset Management fund
- Focus on increasing Retail Credit book

As on 31 st March '18	Capital Employed (INR Cr)	% Share	
Retail Credit	16,188	39%	
Retail Mortgage	6,672	16%	Blend of loans to home owners and home buyers
SME & Business Loans	3,677	9%	Underserved and highly scalable, focus area for future
Loan against Securities	4,640	11%	Catering to Retail & Wealth Mgmt customers in Capital Markets
Agri and Rural Finance	1,199	3%	Large scalable opportunity with low competitive intensity
Corporate Credit	19,525	46%	
Structured Collateralised Credit	9,352	22%	Customized credit solutions with robust risk management systems
Wholesale Mortgage	10,173	24%	Developer financing for primarily residential properties
Distressed Credit	6,297	15%	Leading Asset Reconstruction Company in India
Total Credit Book	42,010	100%	

- ❖Corporate credit book could be the biggest risk in Edelweiss.
- ❖ Distressed credit could be the dark horse and give non-linear returns.
- ❖Increasing retail credit to 50% of total loan book Management's stated aim for FY20

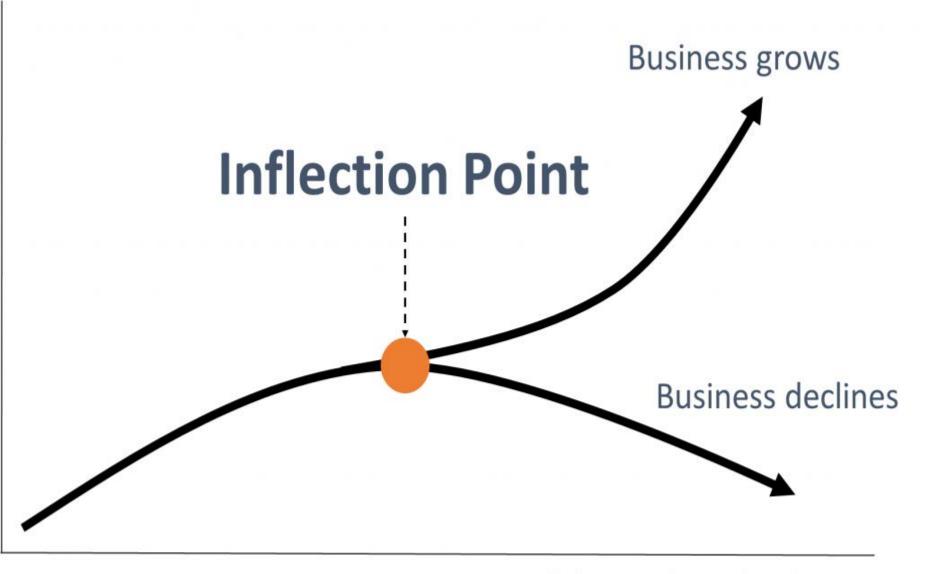
Investing in Banking is all about betting on the Jockey – Management.

Credit Business (INR Cr)	FY17	FY18
Capital Employed	27,608	42,010
Average Interest Yield	16.2%	16.3%
Average Cost of Borrowing	10.3%	9.8%
Net Interest Margin	7.2%	7.7%
Net Revenue	1,695	2,608
Cost to Income	36%	34%
Provisions & Write Offs	319	616
PAT	447	645
RoE	18.2%	18.3%
RoA	2.1%	2.2%

At the end of	FY17	FY18
Gross NPA (INR Cr)	362	624
Gross NPA %	1.59%	1.75%
Net NPA %	0.60%	0.70%
Outstanding Provision Held (INR Cr)	314	507
Total Provision Cover	87%	81%
Average Collateral cover on Corporate book	2.3X	2.1X
Average Loan-To-Value on Retail book	~45%	~45%

Key monitarables in the credit business

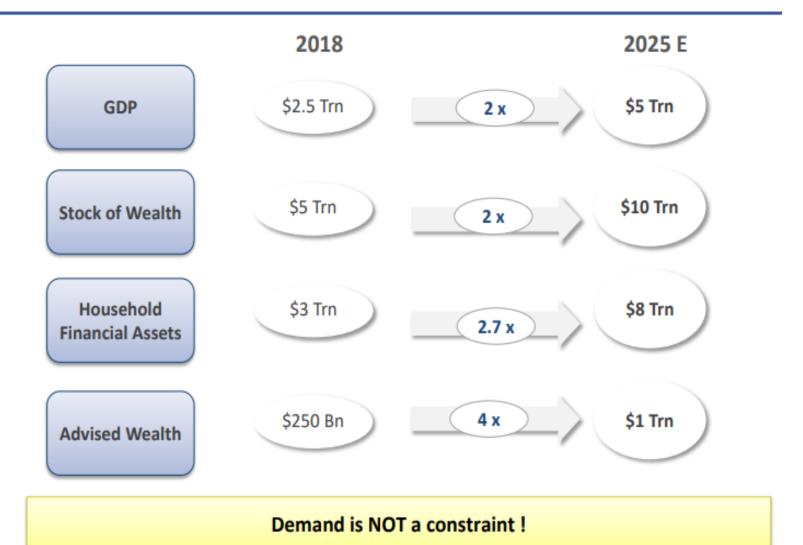
- ❖ Credit costs in SME & corporate loan book
- ❖ Pressure on NIMs with rising bond yields
- ❖ Progress of IBC and ARC business
- ❖Overall asset mix



-- Only The Paranoid Survive by Andy Grove

Franchise and Advisory Business –
At an inflection point. Can scale up and deliver non-linear returns

How large is the opportunity?



Wealth Management - Some key facts

- ❖ Wealth management consists of distribution assets (74%) and advisory assets (26%)
- ❖Wealth Management AUA increased 6x in 3 years
- ❖ Yield of ~70-80bps on AUA
- ❖ Declining cost to income ratio at 67% down from 90% in FY15
- ❖INR 232 of AUA per rupee of total cost up from INR 126 in FY15
- ❖3rd largest wealth management co in India at INR 90,100 crore AuA (behind Kotak and IIFL Wealth)
- ❖ Industry highly focused on intensive dependence on Relationship Managers for UHNI and affluent clients. Differentiation of Edelweiss is focus on digitization of core and building a front end technology platform.

Franchise & Advisory (INR Cr)	FY17	FY18
Net Revenue	1,060	1,330
Cost to Income	73%	65%
PAT	193	308

Asset Management business

Mutual Funds Vs Alternatives

Mutual Funds

Strategies constructed primarily utilizing public stocks and bonds.

Characterized by:

- Returns primarily driven by beta
- High correlation to markets
- Assets in public markets

Alternatives

Investments that look to exploit inefficiencies in markets by focusing on non-traditional assets and investment strategies.

Characterized by:

- · Returns primarily driven by alpha
- Low correlation to markets
- Assets in private and public markets
- Hedge Funds PIPE/Private Equity
- Private Debt
 Real Assets

Asset Management - Some key facts (as at FY18 end)

- Consists of Mutual Funds and Alternatives businesses
- ❖ Alternatives AUM at INR 17,700cr. Alternatives market AUM at INR 2 lac. crore
- ❖ Mutual MF AUM at INR 11,500 cr and MF Market AUM at INR 21 lac cr.
- ❖ Mutual funds have net yield of 60-70 bps with C/I ratio of 50-60 bps giving a net yield of 15-20bps.
- ❖ Alternatives have net yield of ~120 bps with C/I ratio of 25 bps giving a net yield of 50-60bps.
- ❖1 dollar of Alternatives = 3-4 dollar of Mutual funds.
- ❖MF AUM consists of 71% Equity and 29% debt leading to higher yields.
- ❖ Alternatives AUM consists of Private Debt (65%), PIPE /PE (11%), PMS (11%) and Hedge Fund (13%)
- ❖ Largest player in Alternative Equity space 8x growth in AUM from 1900 cr in FY15 to 17,700cr in FY18.

Huge potential with long run-way ahead. Investment in Edelweiss is based on the immense growth potential of Asset Management.

Life Insurance – Key Financials

Edelweiss Tokio Life Insurance Company Limited (ETLI)

(INR Cr)	FY17	FY18
Net Premium Income	426	619
Investment Income and Other Income	151	163
Total Business	577	782
Profit After Tax	(216)	(233)
Minority	(106)	(114)
Edelweiss' Share in PAT	(110)	(119)
Net Worth	732	1,156
Indian Embedded Value (IEV)	1,081	1,635

Currently loss making but huge inherent value and long growth potential ahead. General Insurance business to be launched soon.

Balance Sheet Strength

- ❖ Matched Asset liability profile positive asset liability matching across durations
- **❖**Capital adequacy ratio at 17.04%
- ❖ Debt/Equity at 4.9 (excluding treasury assets)
- Diversified sources of borrowing
- ❖ Liquidity cushion at 9% of Balance sheet Banking lines, FDs, Govt. Securities, MFs etc.
- ❖ Credit Ratings of CRISIL A1+ and CARE AA

Key Positives

- ❖ Great management and team most imp factor in for a Bank/NBFC
- ❖ Riding the financialization of savings theme in the Wealth Management and Asset management business
- Huge growth opportunity and strong appetite for growth
- Diverse set of businesses in financial services space

Key Negatives/Concerns

- Cyclicality in the wealth management, asset management and Capital markets business
- ❖ Some bets could misfire distressed assets, Life Insurance
- ❖ Heavy regulation in MF, WM and Life Insurance business
- Credit deterioration in lending business
- Valuations

Valuations

Valuation of Edelweiss for FY20					
INR Crore	FY18	FY20e	Multiple	Mkt Cap potential	Growth over FY18 nos.
Credit business Book Value	5,600	8,064	2.5	20,160	20% CAGR growth expected
Franchise and advisory business PAT	460	777	20	15,548	30% CAGR growth expected
Insurance	1300	1573	1.3	2,045	10% CAGR growth expected
Total				37,753	
Current Market cap				26,500	
Upside potential			42%	Absolute growth	
CMP - 285. Target - 405				19.36%	CAGR growth expected

- ❖Quality always *looks* expensive.
- **❖** Cyclical business − Views?
- ❖ How much should we pay for a good story? Financialization of savings story.
- Management Quality

Thank you

Any Questions for me?